

Unexpected Electronic Features of NiO Quantum Dots produced by fs Pulsed Laser Ablation in Water

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Abstract

This study examines quantum confinement and surface orientations on NiO quantum dots' electronic properties. It compares NiO nanocrystals produced via atmospheric pressure microplasma and femtosecond (fs) laser ablation in water, finding both methods yield quantum-confined nanocrystals with a defined face-centered cubic lattice. Notably, fs-laser synthesis generates crystalline nanocrystals from both crystalline and amorphous targets. While the electronic properties, i.e. energy of the highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) and lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO), of microplasma-synthesized NiO nanocrystals are consistent with existing literature, the electronic characteristics of NiO nanocrystals produced by fs-laser, particularly the high lying LUMO level, are unusual for NiO quantum dots. Supported by density functional theory calculations, we show that the observed level positions are related to the different polar and nonpolar faces of the nanocrystal surface. Bulk Nickel oxide (NiO) is a Mott-insulator with an antiferromagnetic ordering¹ and for many applications can act as a p-type semiconductor. For example NiO thin-films are used as hole-transport layer in perovskite photovoltaic cells^{2,3} or as catalytic surfaces to

break down nitrite and nitric oxide⁴, oxidation of carbon-monoxide⁵ or photocatalytic reactions^{6,7}. However, for many applications its wide-bandgap or the energy level alignment in general poses a significant challenge as it limits the efficiency of e.g. light absorption and emission or reactivity. Dimensionality reduction, going from 3D bulk NiO to 0D quantum-dots, i.e. NiO nanocrystals in the quantum-confinement regime^{8,9}, provides means to tailor the bandgap and electronic structure and thus control the energy range relevant for light absorption and emission and to enhance catalytic properties^{9,10}. Additionally, it largely increases the surface-to-volume ratio which benefits catalytic reactions that are facilitated at the catalyst surface.

It is well-known that the crystallographic orientation of the NiO surface strongly influences the Fermi energy and surface potential^{6,11}. Hence, controlling the dominant type of surface orientation of the NiO nanocrystals is essential for all possible applications.

Different synthesis methods can contribute to modify these characteristics and allow modulating surface energies associated with these orientations¹², an aspect of particular significance for nanocrystals characterized by quantum confinement sizes, i.e. smaller than the NiO exciton Bohr radius of 7.7 nm⁷.

Plasma technologies provide an effective way to synthesize nanocrystals over a wide range of sizes^{13,14}. The utilization of microplasma discharge has proven to be a viable method for localized and precise synthesis, yielding NiO nanocrystals characterized by quantum confinement sizes, a well-defined size distribution, and specific attributes in terms of shape and composition¹⁵. An alternative synthesis route is represented by short-pulsed (ns, fs) laser-induced plasma processes in liquid media^{16,17}. The size of NiO nanocrystals can be readily manipulated by adjusting synthesis parameters such as laser fluence and pulse duration^{18,19}. Using fs pulse laser ablation in water allows for an environmentally friendly and cost-efficient production of nanocrystals as it eliminates the need for stabilizing agents or surfactants, resulting in cleaner and purer NiO surfaces²⁰.

In this study, we explore and compare how plasma-based synthesis alters the electronic structure of NiO nanocrystals, particularly the energy alignment of the frontier orbitals, i.e. the highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) and lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). We compare the electronic characteristics of NiO nanocrystals produced through two methods: atmospheric pressure microplasma and fs pulsed laser-induced plasma ablation in water. Both methods yield crystalline NiO nanocrystals with a well-defined face-centered cubic lattice (Fm-3m) with sizes in the quantum confinement regime. Notably, in the case of fs-laser synthesis, the phase of the target did not exert influence. While the optoelectronic characteristics of NiO nanocrystals produced by microplasma are in accordance with commonly reported results in the literature^{15,21–24} the electronic features observed for NiO nanocrystals synthesized by fs-laser are peculiar as we find a much larger bandgap due to the high lying LUMO levels. First-principles calculations suggest that the difference of the electronic properties observed for NiO obtained by the two different synthesis methods can be traced back to different dominant surface orientations, which in turn strongly influences the electronic properties.

Microplasma synthesis. Low-resolution

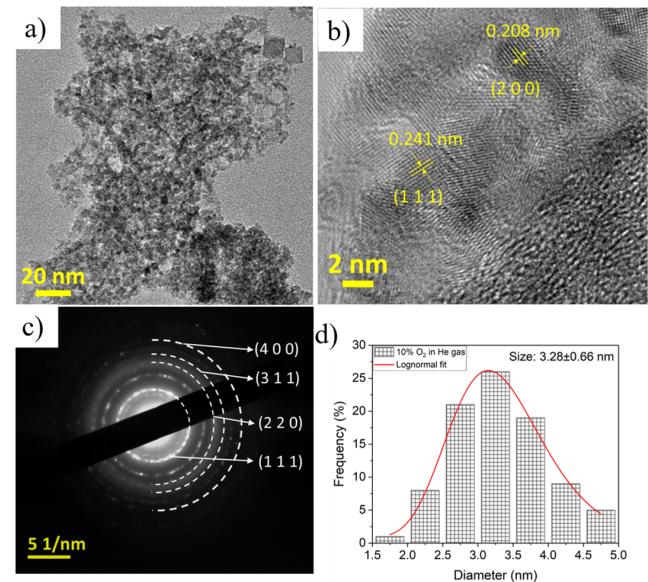


Figure 1: (a) Representative transmission electron microscopy (TEM) micrograph of NiO particles synthesized by microplasmas. (b) High-resolution TEM image showing lattice fringes of the quantum dots. (c) SAED pattern. (d) Size distribution of the NiO crystals.

transmission electron microscope (TEM) image (Fig. 1a) confirms the presence of NiO nanocrystals synthesized by the microplasma technique. In the corresponding high-resolution TEM image (Fig. 1b) we can observe individual NiO nanocrystals and well-defined lattice fringes confirming the crystalline phase of NiO quantum dots. The fringe patterns in the high-resolution TEM images allow us to directly identify distinct lattice spacing values of 0.21 nm and 0.24 nm. These values correspond to the lattice planes associated with the (200) and (111) planes of the NiO cubic phase with values of 0.209 nm and 0.242 nm (Fig. 1c) according to JCPDS file number #780429. Overall, the TEM analysis highlights the presence of a well-defined crystal structure of the NiO nanocrystals with diameters ranging from 1.5 nm to 5.0 nm and a mean of 3.28 nm (Fig. 1d), which is well within the quantum confinement regime⁸.

fs-laser ablation. For the fs-laser ablation-based synthesis in water we use two different types of targets, namely crystalline Ni and

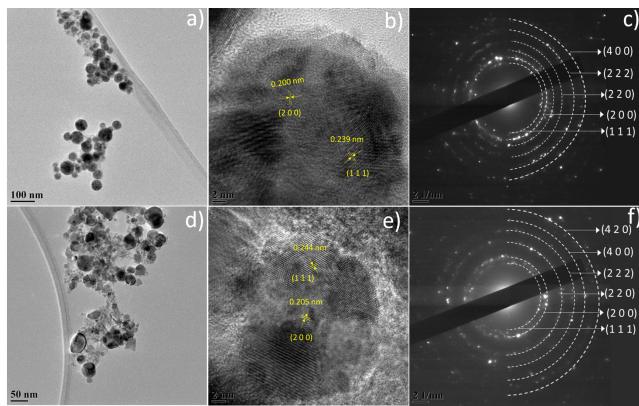


Figure 2: Results for crystalline Ni targets are given in (a)-(c) and for amorphous Ni targets (d)-(f). (a, d) Representative TEM micrograph of NiO particles produced by fs laser (Ni metallic target). (b, e) high-resolution TEM image with lattice fringes of NiO quantum dots. (c, d) TEM diffraction SEAD pattern.

amorphous NiO. In both cases TEM and SEAD confirm a well-defined NiO cubic lattice of the produced nanocrystals (Fig. 2) irrespective of the target used. To note that while large agglomerates (> 25 nm, Fig. 2a and 2d) are observed, these are formed by much smaller nanocrystals (Fig. 2b and 2e), which exhibit mean diameters of approximately 4 nm (see Fig. S1 in the SI), regardless of the target used. The crystallinity and sizes of individual nanocrystals produced by fs-laser are comparable to the results obtained by microplasma synthesis, however agglomeration is one distinctive feature of the NiO nanocrystals produced by fs-laser ablation¹⁷.

A closer analysis of the TEM images (Fig. 2b and 2e) and SEAD patterns (Fig. 2c and 2f) suggests a wide range of possible lattice planes such as (1 1 1), (2 0 0), (2 2 0), (2 2 2), and (4 0 0). In the case of the amorphous target (Fig. 2f), an additional plane, (4 2 0), was identified.

Electronic properties. In general, the optical transitions of metal oxides are tied to various energy states within the material, primarily determined by the near-band edge between HOMO and LUMO levels. For p-type metal oxide semiconductors, additional transitions cor-

respond to energy states introduced by intra-band defects, such as metal deficiency or an excess of oxygen. NiO films exhibit a reduced bandgap when prepared at the highest oxygen flow ratio, attributed to Ni vacancies or interstitial oxygen atoms²⁵. Figure 3 summarizes the measured values of HOMO/LUMO levels, of the synthesized NiO nanocrystals as well as the values related to NiO bulk. The literature values for the bandgap of bulk NiO, and accordingly the VBA and CBM, vary between experiments and typically fall within the range of 2.3-3.6 eV⁹.

The valence band maximum (VBM), or to be precise HOMO level, was determined by means of XPS (Figs. S2, S3). The Fermi level (EF) was established through Kelvin probe measurements (Figs. S7, S8), and the bandgap (E_g) was obtained from ultraviolet-visible (UV-VIS) transmittance using Tauc plot (Fig. S4, S5, S6). The conduction band minimum (CBM), representing the LUMO level, was determined from the VBM measurements adding the bandgap E_g .

Both, NiO nanocrystal samples synthesized by fs-laser exhibit a large bandgap above 5.4 eV. Upon comparing these results with those of the NiO nanocrystals synthesized by microplasma (Fig. 3a), a large difference in the bandgap value is observed, the latter exhibiting a bandgap of only ≈ 3.7 eV. This clearly underscores significant variations in the electronic properties of NiO nanocrystals depending on the employed synthesis method. While the HOMO levels, irrespective of the synthesis methods lie within the negative range -6.70 eV to -6.75 eV, the LUMO values for both samples produced by fs-laser exhibit an upward shift to -1.23 eV and -1.30 eV with respect to the microplasma-produced NiO nanocrystals, which show a value of -3.02 eV. Figure 3 also includes the level energies obtained from first-principles calculations of NiO nanocrystals, which will be discussed in the following in more detail.

Computational results. To rationalize the observed dependence of LUMO energies on the synthesis conditions, we conducted first-principles calculations of the electronic struc-

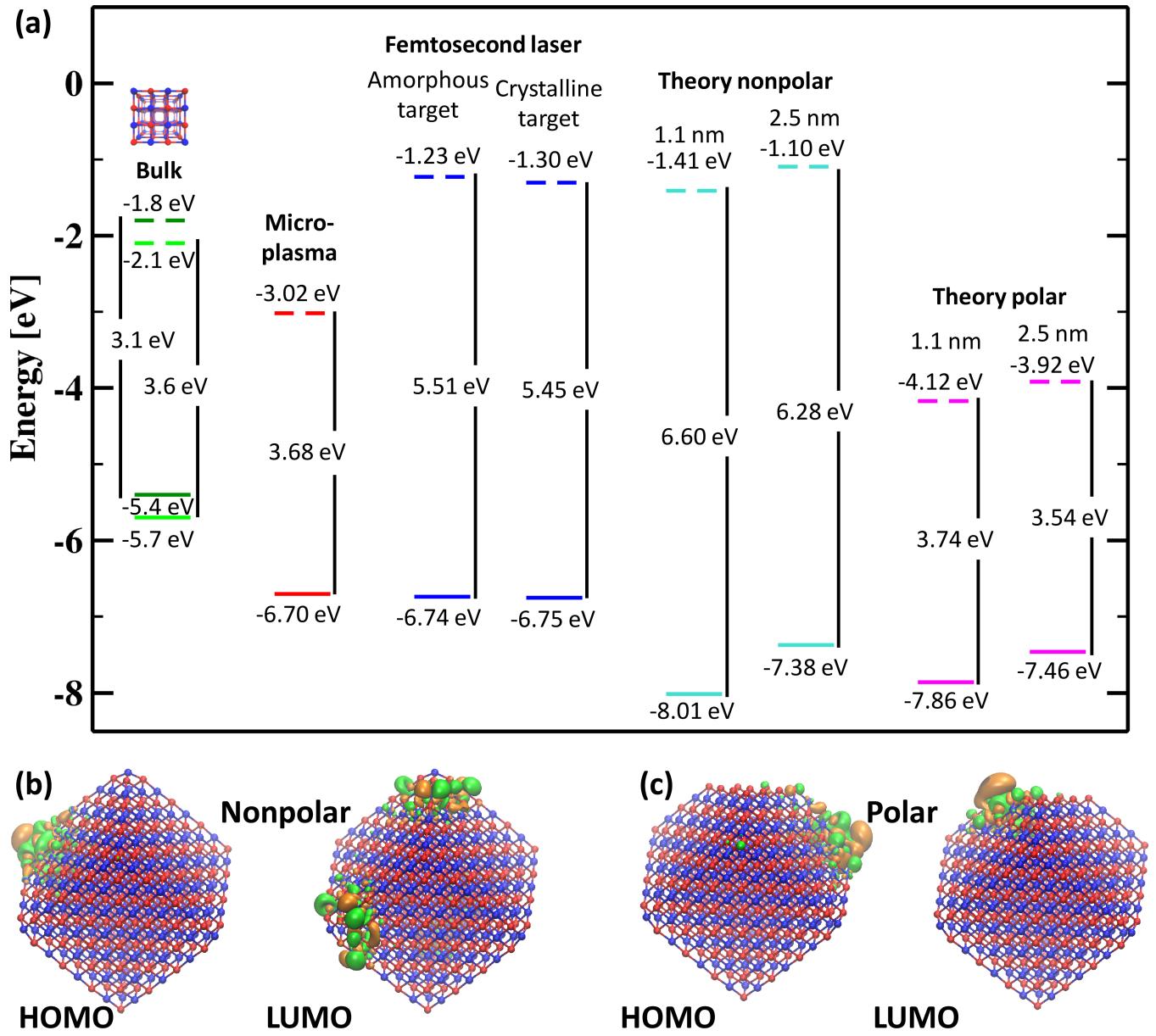


Figure 3: (a) The energy band diagram of the HOMO and LUMO levels of NiO QDs. As reference the CBM and VBM of bulk NiO bulk are include. The bulk values of the CBM and the VBM are known to vary between different measurements⁹, which his indicated by the multiple values given in the diagram. The band diagrams are compared to first-principles calculations of NiO nanocrystals with a diameter of 1.1 nm and 2.5 nm with nonpolar (001) and polar (111) surfaces. HOMO and LUMO wavefunctions of the NiO nanocrystals ($d = 2.5$ nm) with (b) nonpolar and (c) polar surfaces. Here orange (green) indicates the isosurface of the wavefunction with positive (negative) sign.

ture of NiO particles. We considered nanocrystals with a diameter of $d = 1.1\text{ nm}$ and $d = 2.5\text{ nm}$, with either nonpolar surfaces, (100) equivalent (Fig. 3b), or with a polar (111) surface (Fig. 3c). It is known that NiO surfaces of thin films with different lattice orientations can have quite different Fermi energies and bandgaps^{7,11}. We find that the HOMO position is only weakly affected by the nanocrystal's crystal surface orientation, while the LUMO shows a strong dependency on the surface orientation. This is also reflected in the wavefunctions, which is similar for the HOMO wavefunction for both non-polar and polar nanocrystals (Fig. 3b-c), while the LUMO wavefunction is delocalized over the nanocrystals for the nonpolar nanocrystal (Fig. 3b) but localized at the polar surfaces of the polar nanocrystals (Fig. 3c). This does not only hold for the HOMO and LUMO shown here but also for the next several lower (higher) occupied (unoccupied) frontier orbitals (Fig. S9). The LUMO energy of the polar nanocrystals is drastically reduced compared to the non-polar nanocrystals, accordingly, the corresponding HOMO-LUMO gap of the polar nanocrystals is also much smaller than that of the non-polar ones. The computational results show correlation of the HOMO and LUMO energies between NiO nanocrystals synthesized using fs-laser ablation and non-polar simulated NiO nanocrystals. Similarly, the HOMO and LUMO energies of the polar nanocrystals correlate with the level energies measured for the microplasma-synthesized nanocrystals, suggesting that the different synthesis methods tend to stabilize different surfaces.

Comparison micro-plasma vs fs-laser ablation. Two synthesis methods tend to favor the stabilization of distinct surfaces, resulting in either polar or nonpolar nanocrystals. NiO produced through microplasma synthesis exhibits well-separated nanocrystals. The examination of agglomeration or non-agglomeration serves as a crucial method for substantiating the inherent characteristics of surfaces synthesized through microplasma and laser techniques. This comparative analysis specifically aims to affirm the polar attributes

of microplasma-synthesized surfaces and, conversely, the non-polar characteristics associated with laser-synthesized surfaces. In the context of nanocrystal synthesis via laser ablation in water, a noteworthy observation emerges. It is evident that the nanocrystals generated through this process tend to exhibit a predisposition toward assuming a non-polar nature. Consequently, this inclination leads to the aggregation or agglomeration of these nanocrystals. Thus, our experimental results corroborate the formation of distinctive surfaces with respect to the synthesis method utilized. Nonpolar nanocrystals pose a distinct challenge to the well-established Derjaguin, Landau, Verwey, and Overbeek theory^{26–28}. This challenge stems from the theory's incapacity to explain the colloidal stability of non-polar nanocrystals, primarily due to the absence of charge stabilization. More precisely, van der Waals forces come into play, drawing NiO nanocrystals towards each other. However, electrostatic forces, encompassing the repulsion between charged particles, counteract this attraction, preventing the nanocrystals from coming too close. This phenomenon provides a rationale for the observed agglomeration in polar (111) and nonpolar ((200), (220), (400), and (420)) nanocrystal surfaces synthesized through laser-based methods. Intriguingly, these agglomerated structures, by the end of the process, exhibit nonpolar properties due to the excess of nonpolar surfaces within the agglomerates (Fig. 2c and Fig. 2f). In contrast, the non-agglomeration observed in polar nanocrystals synthesized through microplasma-based methods remains distinctive in its behavior. play, drawing NiO nanocrystals towards each other. However, electrostatic forces, encompassing the repulsion between charged particles, counteract this attraction, preventing the nanocrystals from coming too close. This phenomenon provides a rationale for the observed agglomeration in polar (111) and nonpolar ((200), (220), (400), and (420)) nanocrystal surfaces synthesized through laser-based methods. Intriguingly, these agglomerated structures, by the end of the process, exhibit nonpolar properties due to the excess of nonpolar surfaces within the

agglomerates (Fig. 2c and Fig. 2f). In contrast, the non-agglomeration observed in polar nanocrystals synthesized through microplasma-based methods remains distinctive in its behavior. During the cooling step of the fs-laser synthesized NiO nanocrystals are ejected into water and tend to form relatively small agglomerates ($d = 25$ nm).

In summary, by employing two distinct synthesis methods, we compared the properties of resulting NiO nanocrystals. Each technique yielded different nanocrystal configurations, influencing the electronic structure and energy levels. Our focus centered on exploring the positions of the HOMO and LUMO levels in NiO nanocrystals, considering the impact of quantum confinement and a strong dependency on the surface orientation. Synthesis by fs-laser synthesis produced unexpected results, revealing that a peculiar NiO nanocrystal surface orientation induced significant changes in the LUMO levels. For this, we employed computationally intensive hybrid density functional theory calculations at the CAM-B3LYP level to precisely characterize electronic structure. This comparative analysis using different synthesis techniques enhances our understanding of how synthesis parameters and nanocrystal properties influence electronic structure. Experimental data agree well with DFT calculations. This study contributes to a comprehensive understanding of the electronic properties of NiO nanocrystals, a crucial aspect for customizing applications.

Methods

Synthesis by microplasmas. The synthesis of the NiO nanocrystals has followed a methodology previously used for the synthesis of a range of other metal and metal oxide nanoparticles^{29–33}. Briefly, the synthesis setup consists of a microplasma reactor with two ceramic tubes placed coaxially in which the inner tube (O.D.-1.3 mm, I.D.-0.7mm) contains a 0.5 mm diameter nickel wire (99.99% purity, purchased from Alfa Aesar) whereas the outer ceramic tube (O.D.-3mm, I.D.-2mm) hosts precursor gases. Both tubes pass through double copper elec-

trode which is powered by a radio frequency (13.56 MHz) power supply. Both wire and ceramic tubes were placed through a “T” shaped metal Swagelok fitting where gas inlets also connected. Whereas the other end of the wire and inner ceramic capillary are placed in such a way that the wire is exposed to the precursor gas placed inside the two electrodes. All these components were placed in support through a perspex frame. The deposition process is performed for different oxygen concentrations with constant 500 sccm He gas flow, 56 sccm oxygen gas (10 % oxygen gas fraction) flow and 70 W RF power. The entire process was carried out for a duration of 2 minutes and characterized using different techniques. These films were used to study the material properties.

Synthesis by fs-laser in water. NiO nanocrystal agglomerates are fabricated by femtosecond laser (Libra Solo Ultrafast Optical Parametric Amplifier-OPerA) ablation in deionized (DI) water of a 5 mm thick metallic Ni and/or amorphous NiO target. The target is immersed in 6 mL of high purity DI water with a resistivity of about 15 MΩ. The power is about 500 mW, with a pulse of 83 fs at 1 kHz frequency, and a wavelength of 400 nm for 1 h of irradiation. The laser beam was shaped and focused onto a spot on the target surface by an optical lens with a focal length of 250 mm. The focal point area of the laser beam on the target is estimated to be approximately 1 mm². The target is rotated for better homogeneity and to avoid irradiating the exact same spot for the next pulse.

Transmission electron microscopy (TEM). The crystal structure and morphology of the NiO nanocrystals were elucidated using TEM (JOEL, JEM-2100F), Gatan DualVision 600 Charge-Coupled Device (CCD) at accelerating voltage of 200 kV. For TEM, samples were prepared by depositing 40 µL of the nanocrystal colloidal solution in ethanol onto a holey carbon-coated grid (400 mesh, #S187-4, Agar Scientific) with an ultrathin carbon film (3 nm thick) and allowed to evaporate under ambient conditions overnight. The d-spacing values of the crystal planes were measured on the digital image using ImageJ software. The sam-

ples were prepared initially by depositing the nanocrystals onto a n-type Si substrate, then scratched, redispersed as a colloid in ethanol (purity 99.8%, Sigma Aldrich).

First-principles modeling. Bulk nickel oxide is a Mott-insulator with an antiferromagnetic ground state¹, that is very difficult to accurately describe using local (semi-local) density functional theory (DFT). While DFT+U gives reasonably accurate results for bulk NiO^{34,35} it is doubtful that surface and finite size effects present in nanocrystals are accurately captured. Therefore, we employ here, while for the studied particle size computationally very expansive, hybrid density functional theory calculations at the CAM-B3LYP level of theory³⁶ to accurately describe the electronic structure of the nanocrystals. The results are obtained for a fairly large basis set of def2-TZVP quality³⁷, a comparison with the smaller def2-SV(P) basis set can be found in the supporting information (Fig. S10). Additionally we provide a short comparison of orbital energies obtained with a semi-local functional (PBE^{38,39}), screened hybrid functional (HSE06^{40–42}), and a global hybrid functional (PBE0^{43,44}).

Using the surface energies for the different surface orientations¹² we estimate the energetically most favorable structure from a Wulff construction which is essentially terminated by nonpolar surfaces symmetry equivalent to (100) which is observed to be the natural cleavage plane⁵. Additionally, we consider capped nanocrystals which model the experimentally observed possibility of cut planes resulting in polar (111) surfaces^{7,27}. All structures are relaxed using neural network potentials⁴⁵, before obtaining the electronic structure at the CAM-B3LYP level of theory.

Supporting Information Available

Experimental material characterization and properties measurements.
Band energy diagrams and Kelvin probe measurements.

Details of the first-principles calculations.

Atomic structure coordinates.

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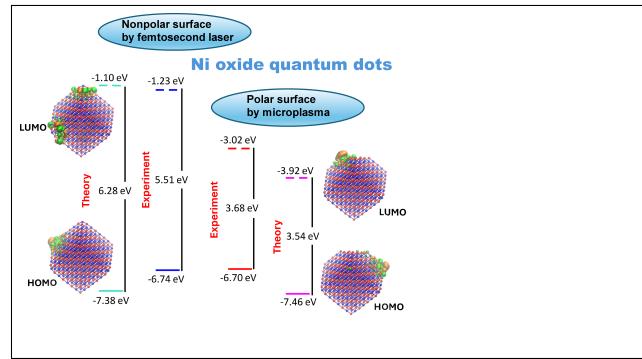
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TOC Graphic



Supporting Information:

Unexpected Electronic Features of NiO Quantum Dots produced by fs Pulsed Laser Ablation in Water

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Agglomerated NiO nanocrystals

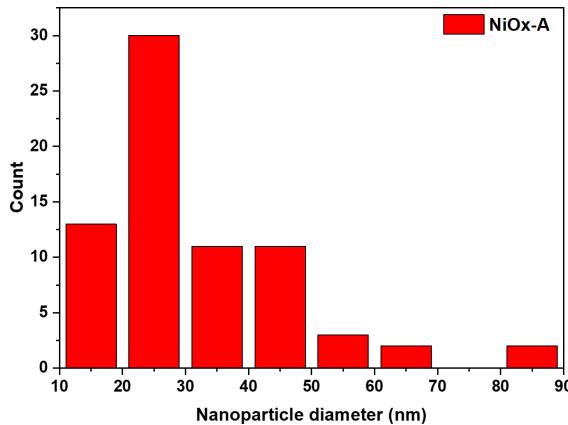


Figure S1: Typical size distribution of NiO nanocrystals agglomerates fabricated by fs laser in water.

Additional material characterization and properties measurements

X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS) was performed by direct deposition of NiO QDs on gold-coated silicon substrates. Analysis was performed using an ESCALAB Xi+ spectrometer microprobe (Thermo Fisher Scientific) with a focussed monochromatic Al K α X-ray source ($h\nu = 1486.6$ eV, 650 μm spot size) operating at a power of 225 W (15 kV and 15 mA) and the photoelectrons were collected using a 180° double-focusing hemispherical analyser with a dual detector system. The energy scale of spectrometer was calibrated with sputter cleaned pure reference samples Au, Ag and Cu (Au 4f7/2, Ag 3d5/2 and Cu 3p3/2) positioned at binding energies 83.96 eV, 368.21 eV and 932.62 eV, respectively. The base pressure in the analysis chamber was better than 5×10^{-9} mbar, which increased up to 5×10^{-7} mbar with charge neutraliser (flood gun) operated at 100 μA emission current. For the Fermi level alignment, a copper strip was used to make a good electrical contact between the sample and the spectrometer. For all the samples analysed, the survey spectra were recorded with a step size of 1 eV and a pass energy of 150 eV and the narrow scans were recorded with a step size of 0.1 eV and a pass energy of 20 eV. This pass energy gives a 0.65 eV width for the Ag 3d5/2 peak measured on a sputter cleaned Ag sample. The spectra obtained were

charge corrected using Au core level and valence band spectra.

The optical characteristics of the NiO nanocrystals were evaluated by forming films on quartz substrates. Measurements were taken with a Perkin Elmer-Lambda 1050+ spectrometer. The optical transmittance (T) of the films was recorded in the transmittance compartment and the corresponding absorption coefficients were estimated to produce Tauc plot in the assumption that reflectance was negligible.

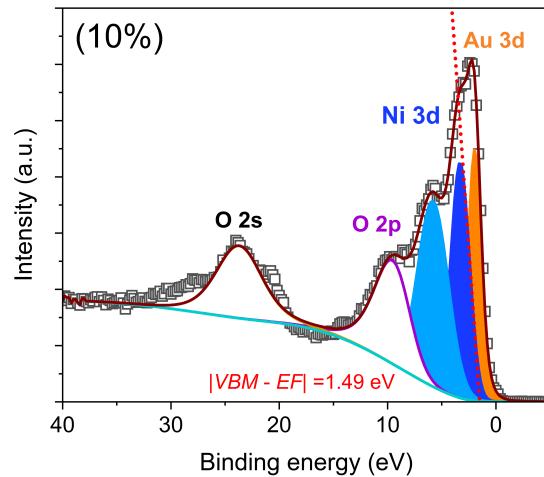


Figure S2: XPS valence band spectra of NiO produced by microplasmas show the energy difference between the energy level of the valence band maximum (VBM) and the Fermi level (EF).

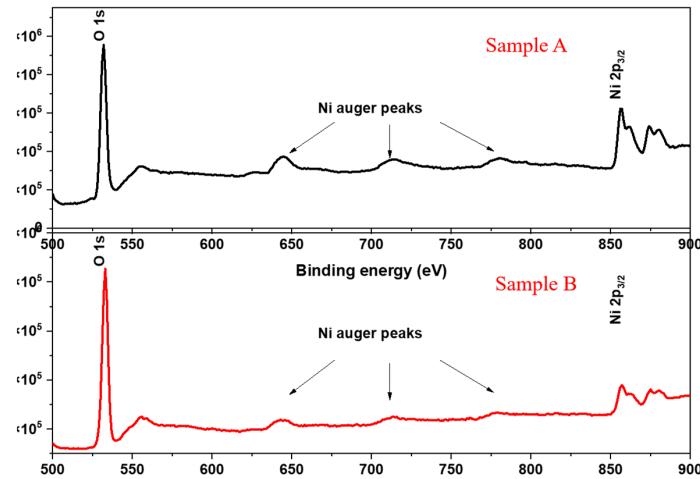


Figure S3: Corresponding XPS analyses of fs laser synthesis NiO nanoparticles Sample A and B, respectively.

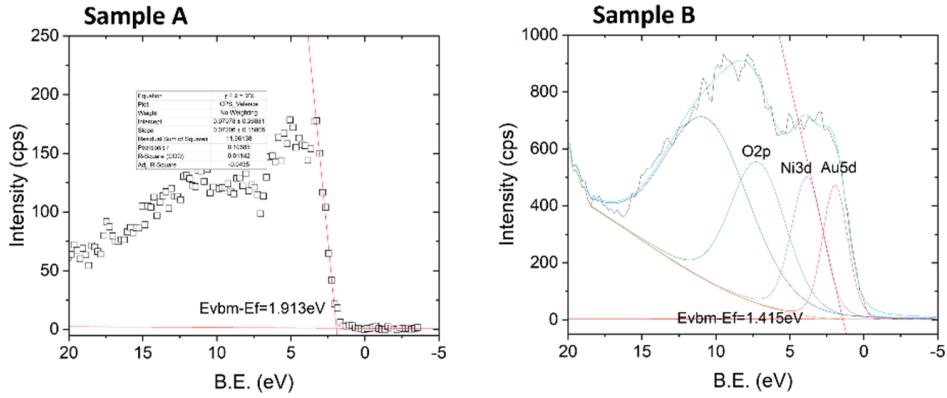


Figure S4: Valence band XPS evaluation data of NiO nanoparticles produced by fs laser when a Ni metallic target (Sample A) and when a NiO amorphous target (Sample B) was used.

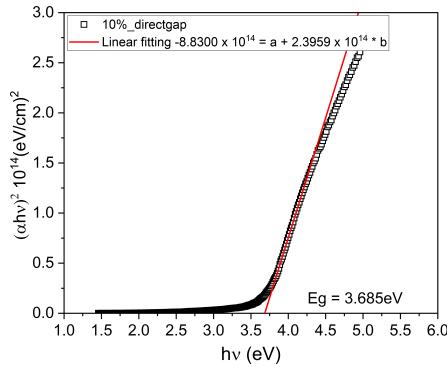


Figure S5: Optical band gap evaluation of NiO nanoparticles produced by microplasmas.

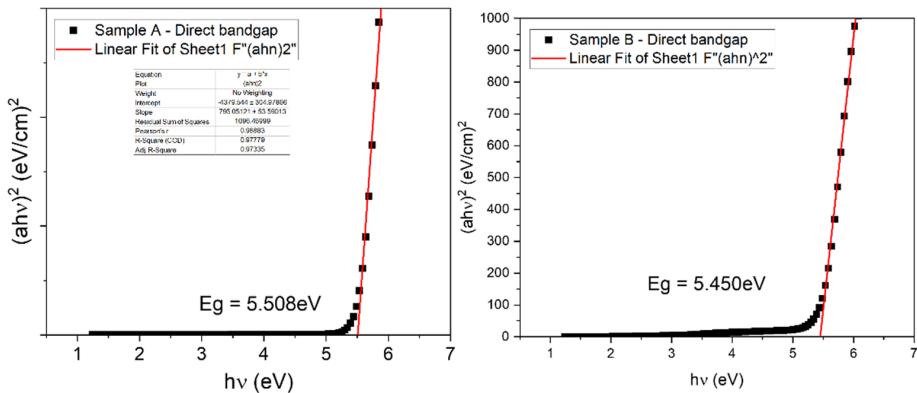


Figure S6: Optical band gap evaluation of NiO QDs produced by fs laser when a Ni metallic target (Sample A) and when a NiO amorphous target (Sample B) was used.

Band energy diagrams and Kelvin probe measurements.

The Kelvin probe (KP Technologies APS04) is operated in air with a 2 mm gold alloy tip, after calibrating the tip work function against a sputtered Au thin film^{S1}. Additionally, the Kelvin probe (KP) setup is equipped with a surface photovoltage module which measures the surface contact potential difference (CPD) induced by a monochromated white light source and an air photoemission module, which uses a deuterium lamp source ($\Delta\lambda = 1$ nm) to induce photoemission of electrons from the samples.

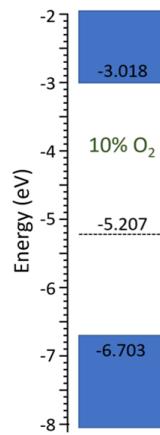


Figure S7: Energy band diagram of NiO nanoparticles with values of highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) and lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). The Fermi Energy (dashed line) was determined by Kelvin probe measurements.

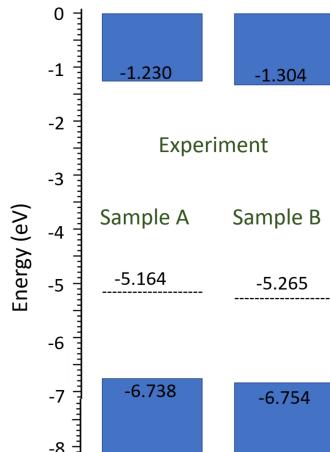


Figure S8: Energy band diagram of NiO nanoparticles with values of highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) and lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO). The Fermi Energy (dashed line) was determined by Kelvin probe measurements.

Details of first-principles calculations

All first-principles calculations are carried out with the quantum chemistry package Turbo-mole^{S2} at the CAM-B3LYP level of theory^{S3} employing a semi-numerical approximation for the exact-exchange contribution on the energy functional^{S4}. We use the def2-TZVP basis set along with the corresponding density fitting basis^{S5,S6}. All electronic structure calculations are converged with regard to the total energy change with a precision of 10^{-7} a.u.. All calculations are spin-unrestricted, where the initial guess for the wavefunction is prepared such that the magnetization is anti-ferromagnetic, with spin up on Ni atoms in sublattice A and spin down on sublattice B.

Wavefunctions of frontier orbitals

In figure S9 the wavefunctions of the 4 highest occupied and 4 lowest unoccupied frontier orbitals are summarized.

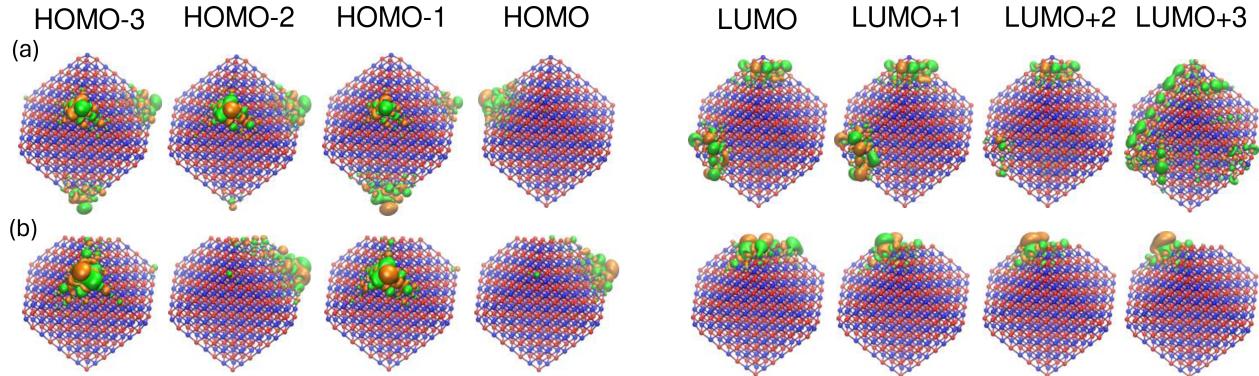


Figure S9: Wavefunctions of the occupied and unoccupied frontier orbitals for NiO nanocrystals ($d = 2.5$ nm) with (a) nonpolar and (b) polar surfaces. Here orange (green) indicates the isosurface of the wavefunction with positive (negative) sign.

Influence of the basis set on the orbital energies

In figure S10 we compare the dependence of the orbital energies on the size of the basis set, namely the small def2-SV(P) basis set and the fairly large def2-TZVP basis set. While the

orbital energies are overall shifted to lower energies the overall effect remains moderate and notably the HOMO-LUMO gap remains roughly unchanged.

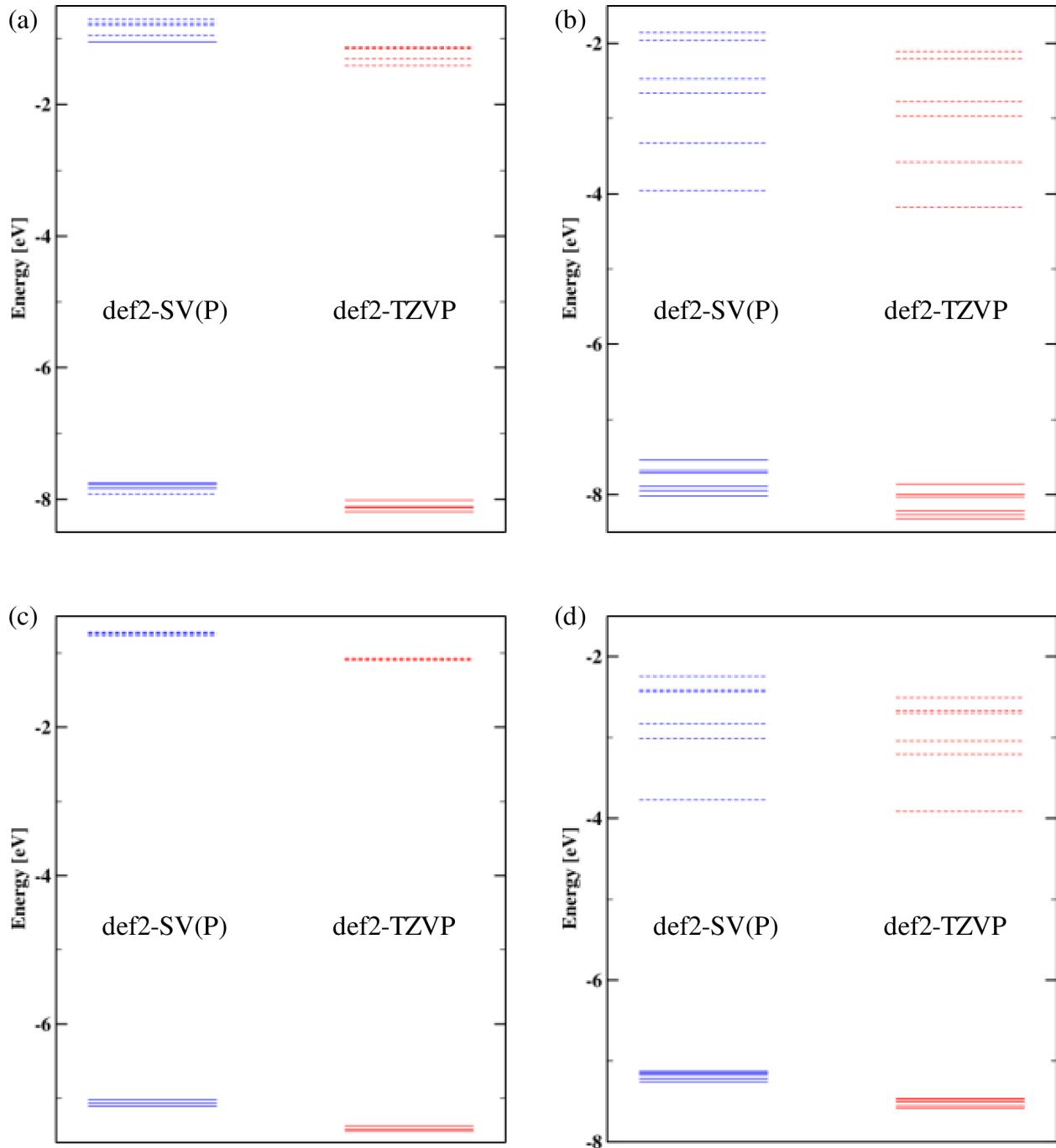


Figure S10: Comparison of the frontier orbital energies for the highest (lowest) occupied (unoccupied orbitals) for def2-SV(P) and def2-TZVP basis set for the NiO nanocrystals ($d = 1.1 \text{ nm}$) with (a) nonpolar and (b) polar surfaces and for the NiO nanocrystals ($d = 2.5 \text{ nm}$) with (c) nonpolar and (d) polar surfaces.

Table S1: Summary of the HOMO and LUMO energy as well as the HOMO-LUMO gap E_{gap} calculated using the def2-TZVP basis set of the small NiO nanocrystal ($d = 1.1\text{ nm}$) with (a) nonpolar and (b) polar surfaces for different exchange-correlation functionals. In (b) the PBE calculation did produce a negative HOMO-LUMO gap and is not reported.

| (a) | HOMO (eV) | LUMO (eV) | E_{gap} |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| PBE | -4.89 | -4.70 | 0.19 |
| HSE06 | -6.22 | -2.75 | 3.47 |
| PBE0 | -6.59 | -2.31 | 4.28 |
| CAM-B3LYP | -8.01 | -1.41 | 6.60 |

| (b) | HOMO (eV) | LUMO (eV) | E_{gap} |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| PBE | x | x | x |
| HSE06 | -6.14 | -5.32 | 0.82 |
| PBE0 | -6.50 | -4.95 | 1.55 |
| CAM-B3LYP | -7.86 | -4.12 | 3.74 |

Exchange-correlation functional

In table S1 we compare the effect of different exchange correlation functionals, namely the semi-local PBE functional^{S7,S8}, the screened hybrid functional HSE06^{S9–S11}, the global hybrid PBE0 functional^{S12,S13}, and the long-range-corrected hybrid functional CAM-B3LYP^{S3} for the small NiO nanocrystal ($d = 1.1\text{ nm}$). While the absolute number differ between the hybrid functionals PBE0 and CAM-B3LYP, they produce the same overall trend when comparing nonpolar with polar nanocrystals and both predict the correct Mott insulating behavior of Nickel-Oxide. The pure functional PBE on the other hand fails to capture this and predicts a quasi-metallic behavior with a small HOMO-LUMO gap for the nonpolar nanocrystal and a negative HOMO-LUMO gap for the polar nanocrystal. The screened hybrid functional works HSE06 well for the nonpolar surface but performs rather poor for the polar surface which may be related to the difficulty to describe localized defect states^{S14}.

Cartesian coordinates of the structures

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| NiO ($d = 1.1$) nonpolar | O -3.10121 0.99122 -3.10121 | O 0.99901 -3.14865 0.99901 |
| Species x(Å) y(Å) z(Å) | O -3.14865 0.99901 0.99901 | O -0.99901 3.14865 0.99901 |
| Ni 2.81110 2.81110 2.81110 | O 3.10121 0.99122 3.10121 | O -0.99122 3.10121 -3.10121 |
| Ni -3.00951 -3.00951 -1.02887 | O -0.99901 -0.99901 -3.14865 | O -3.10121 3.10121 -0.99122 |
| Ni -1.01187 3.15184 -1.01187 | O 1.05794 -1.05794 -1.05794 | O -3.00590 3.00590 3.00590 |
| Ni 1.02918 1.02918 -1.02918 | O 0.99901 -0.99901 3.14865 | O 3.00590 -3.00591 3.00590 |
| Ni 1.02887 -3.00951 3.00952 | O 3.10121 -0.99122 -3.10121 | Ni 3.00951 1.02887 -3.00951 |
| Ni -2.81110 2.81110 -2.81110 | O -3.10121 -0.99122 3.10121 | Ni -1.02887 -3.00951 -3.00951 |
| Ni -1.01187 1.01187 -3.15184 | O -3.14865 -0.99901 -0.99901 | Ni 3.00951 -3.00951 1.02887 |
| Ni -3.15184 -1.01187 1.01187 | O 0.99122 -3.10121 -3.10121 | Ni 1.02918 -1.02918 1.02918 |
| Ni 1.01187 -1.01187 -3.15184 | O 3.14865 0.99901 -0.99901 | Ni -2.81110 -2.81110 2.81110 |
| Ni -1.01187 -1.01187 3.15184 | O 3.14866 -0.99901 0.99901 | Ni 1.02887 3.00951 -3.00951 |
| Ni -1.01187 -3.15184 1.01187 | O 0.99901 3.14865 -0.99901 | Ni -3.00951 -1.02887 -3.00951 |
| Ni 1.01187 3.15184 1.01187 | O 3.00590 3.00590 -3.00590 | Ni 1.01187 1.01187 3.15184 |
| Ni 3.15184 1.01187 1.01187 | O 3.10121 3.10121 0.99122 | Ni -3.15184 1.01187 -1.01187 |
| Ni 3.15184 -1.01187 -1.01187 | O 3.10121 -3.10121 -0.99122 | Ni -3.00952 3.00951 1.02887 |
| Ni 2.81110 -2.81110 -2.81110 | O -0.99901 -3.14865 -0.99901 | Ni -1.02917 1.02918 1.02917 |
| Ni -3.00952 1.02887 3.00951 | O -3.10121 -3.10121 0.99122 | Ni 3.00951 -1.02887 3.00951 |
| O 0.99901 0.99901 -3.14865 | O -3.00590 -3.00590 -3.00590 | Ni 3.00951 3.00951 -1.02887 |
| O -1.05794 -1.05794 1.05794 | O 1.05794 1.05794 1.05794 | Ni -1.02918 -1.02918 -1.02918 |
| O -1.05794 1.05794 -1.05794 | O -0.99122 -3.10121 3.10121 | Ni -1.02887 3.00952 3.00951 |
| O -0.99901 0.99901 3.14865 | O 0.99122 3.10121 3.10121 | Ni 1.01187 -3.15184 -1.01187 |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| NiO ($d = 2.5$) nonpolar | Ni 3.09222 7.32571 3.09222 | Ni -5.16225 -3.08274 -7.30246 |
| Species x(Å) y(Å) z(Å) | Ni -3.11472 -3.11472 -5.23132 | Ni -5.24190 -3.12426 1.03913 |
| Ni -1.04658 -1.04658 -1.04658 | Ni -3.13130 -3.13130 3.13130 | Ni 3.09222 -3.09221 -7.32571 |
| Ni -7.33689 1.03450 3.10062 | Ni 5.20523 -3.10837 -5.20523 | Ni 3.13734 -3.13734 1.04210 |
| Ni 1.03913 3.12426 5.24191 | Ni 5.23132 -3.11473 3.11473 | Ni -5.21017 5.21017 1.03033 |
| Ni -1.03554 -1.03554 7.34932 | Ni 1.03883 1.03883 -5.25198 | Ni 3.08275 5.16226 -7.30245 |
| Ni 7.34931 -1.03554 -1.03554 | Ni -5.21017 -1.03033 -5.21018 | Ni 3.12426 5.24190 1.03913 |
| Ni 7.16849 -1.02902 7.16849 | Ni -3.10062 -7.33689 -1.03450 | Ni -7.30245 -5.16225 -3.08275 |
| Ni -1.03554 7.34931 -1.03554 | Ni 5.20523 5.20523 3.10837 | Ni -7.29928 -5.12430 5.12430 |
| Ni -1.02902 7.16849 7.16849 | Ni -7.16849 -1.02901 -7.16849 | Ni 1.03913 -5.24190 -3.12426 |
| Ni 7.16849 7.16849 -1.02901 | Ni -7.16849 7.16849 1.02902 | Ni 1.03032 -5.21017 5.21017 |
| Ni 6.91007 6.91007 6.91007 | Ni -6.91007 6.91007 -6.91007 | Ni -7.32571 3.09222 -3.09222 |
| Ni -7.11728 -7.11727 -5.09392 | Ni 1.04658 -1.04658 1.04658 | Ni -3.10837 5.20523 -5.20523 |
| Ni -7.15082 -7.15082 3.04171 | Ni 1.03554 -1.03554 -7.34932 | Ni 1.04211 3.13734 -3.13734 |
| Ni 1.02736 -7.31741 -5.17129 | Ni -7.34931 -1.03554 1.03554 | Ni -3.08275 7.30245 5.16226 |
| Ni 1.03450 -7.33689 3.10062 | Ni 5.17129 -7.31741 -1.02736 | Ni -3.08275 -5.16225 -7.30246 |
| Ni 5.16764 5.16764 -5.16764 | Ni 5.17129 1.02736 7.31741 | Ni 3.09222 3.09222 7.32571 |
| Ni -7.31741 1.02736 -5.17129 | Ni 5.25198 1.03883 -1.03883 | Ni 5.12430 -5.12430 -7.29928 |
| Ni -3.11472 5.23132 3.11473 | Ni -3.10063 1.03449 7.33688 | Ni 5.21018 -5.21018 1.03033 |
| Ni 1.04476 1.04476 3.14507 | Ni -3.14507 1.04476 -1.04476 | Ni -3.09222 3.09222 -7.32571 |
| Ni -5.24190 -1.03913 3.12426 | Ni 5.09391 -7.11728 7.11728 | Ni -3.13734 3.13734 1.04210 |
| Ni 3.12426 -1.03913 -5.24190 | Ni 1.02902 7.16849 -7.16849 | Ni 5.16226 3.08275 -7.30245 |
| Ni 3.13734 -1.04210 3.13734 | Ni -3.04171 -7.15082 7.15082 | Ni 5.24190 3.12426 1.03913 |
| Ni -5.12430 7.29928 -5.12430 | Ni -7.30246 3.08275 5.16225 | Ni -5.21017 -5.21017 -1.03033 |
| Ni -5.16225 7.30245 3.08275 | Ni -5.12430 5.12430 -7.29928 | Ni -5.12430 -5.12430 7.29928 |
| Ni 3.08275 7.30246 -5.16225 | Ni 1.03554 7.34931 1.03553 | Ni 3.12426 -5.24190 -1.03913 |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Ni 3.08274 -5.16225 7.30245 | Ni -1.03033 5.21017 5.21017 | O 1.02418 7.21321 7.21321 |
| Ni -5.24190 3.12426 -1.03913 | Ni 7.30246 5.16225 -3.08274 | O -1.03270 -7.35165 -1.03270 |
| Ni 3.13734 3.13734 -1.04210 | Ni 7.29928 5.12430 5.12430 | O -1.02419 -7.21321 7.21321 |
| Ni 5.12430 7.29928 5.12430 | Ni -1.03033 -5.21018 -5.21018 | O 7.21321 -7.21321 -1.02419 |
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| Ni -5.12430 -7.29928 5.12430 | Ni 7.30245 -5.16225 3.08275 | O 7.35165 1.03270 -1.03270 |
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| Ni -5.21018 1.03033 5.21017 | Ni 7.32571 3.09222 3.09222 | O 1.03270 -1.03270 7.35166 |
| Ni 3.13734 1.04210 -3.13734 | Ni 7.29928 -5.12430 -5.12430 | O 1.03270 7.35165 -1.03270 |
| Ni 3.12426 1.03913 5.24190 | Ni -3.12427 -5.24190 1.03913 | O -1.04841 1.04841 -1.04841 |
| Ni -3.13734 -1.04211 -3.13734 | Ni -7.11728 5.09391 7.11728 | O -7.06976 7.06976 7.06976 |
| Ni -3.12426 -1.03913 5.24190 | Ni -1.02901 -7.16849 -7.16849 | O 3.07435 7.20582 -7.20581 |
| Ni 5.24190 -1.03913 -3.12426 | Ni 1.03450 -3.10062 7.33688 | O 1.04841 -1.04841 -1.04841 |
| Ni 5.21017 -1.03033 5.21017 | Ni 1.04476 -3.14507 -1.04476 | O -5.09115 7.21102 -7.21101 |
| Ni -3.09221 7.32571 -3.09222 | Ni -7.15082 -3.04171 7.15082 | O -7.21321 -1.02419 7.21321 |
| Ni 1.02736 5.17129 7.31741 | Ni -7.33689 -3.10062 -1.03450 | O -7.35166 -1.03270 -1.03270 |
| Ni 5.16225 7.30246 -3.08275 | Ni 7.34932 1.03554 1.03554 | O 1.03090 7.34216 3.10393 |
| Ni -1.04210 -3.13734 -3.13734 | Ni -7.31741 5.17129 -1.02737 | O 1.02768 7.32643 -5.14557 |
| Ni -5.16225 3.08275 7.30246 | Ni -1.04658 1.04658 1.04658 | O -7.20582 7.20581 3.07435 |
| Ni 1.03883 5.25198 -1.03883 | Ni -1.03554 1.03554 -7.34931 | O -7.21101 7.21101 -5.09116 |
| Ni -1.03913 -3.12426 5.24190 | Ni 7.16849 -7.16849 1.02902 | O 1.04585 -1.04585 3.14226 |
| Ni 7.32571 -3.09221 -3.09222 | Ni 6.91007 -6.91007 -6.91007 | O 1.04268 -1.04267 -5.25450 |
| Ni 7.30245 -3.08275 5.16225 | Ni -1.03554 -7.34931 1.03554 | O -7.34216 -1.03090 3.10392 |
| Ni -1.03913 5.24190 -3.12426 | Ni 7.16849 1.02902 -7.16849 | O -7.32643 -1.02768 -5.14557 |

| | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| O 3.10392 7.34216 1.03090 | O -3.10392 7.34216 -1.03090 | O -7.06976 -7.06976 -7.06976 |
| O 3.14226 -1.04585 1.04585 | O 5.14557 -1.02769 7.32643 | O -7.21321 -7.21321 1.02419 |
| O -7.21321 7.21321 -1.02419 | O 5.25450 -1.04267 -1.04267 | O 1.04267 1.04267 5.25450 |
| O 3.10392 -1.03089 -7.34216 | O -3.10392 -1.03090 7.34216 | O -7.20582 -7.20582 -3.07435 |
| O -5.09116 -7.21102 7.21101 | O -3.14226 -1.04585 -1.04585 | O 1.04585 1.04585 -3.14225 |
| O 3.07435 -7.20582 7.20582 | O 3.10392 1.03089 7.34216 | O 3.09673 -7.33213 3.09674 |
| O -5.14557 7.32644 1.02769 | O 3.14226 1.04585 -1.04585 | O -5.21822 1.03956 -5.21823 |
| O -5.14557 -1.02768 -7.32644 | O -5.14557 1.02768 7.32643 | O -5.24328 1.03608 3.12015 |
| O 3.09674 7.33213 -3.09674 | O -5.25450 1.04267 -1.04268 | O 3.13747 1.04593 3.13748 |
| O -5.10613 7.28724 5.10613 | O -5.25450 -1.04268 1.04267 | O 3.12015 1.03608 -5.24328 |
| O -5.13709 7.32037 -3.08435 | O 3.10392 -7.34216 -1.03090 | O -7.21102 -7.21102 5.09115 |
| O 3.12015 -1.03608 5.24328 | O 5.24328 -1.03608 3.12015 | O 1.03090 -7.34216 -3.10392 |
| O 3.13748 -1.04593 -3.13748 | O -5.14557 -7.32644 -1.02768 | O 1.02768 -7.32643 5.14557 |
| O -5.21823 -1.03956 5.21822 | O 3.08435 -7.32037 -5.13710 | O -7.34216 1.03090 -3.10392 |
| O -5.24328 -1.03607 -3.12016 | O -3.09575 5.20414 5.20414 | O -3.12015 -1.03607 -5.24328 |
| O 5.21823 1.03955 5.21823 | O -3.12164 5.23477 -3.12165 | O 5.20414 5.20414 -3.09575 |
| O 5.24328 1.03608 -3.12015 | O 5.20414 -3.09575 5.20415 | O -5.13710 -7.32037 3.08435 |
| O -3.12015 1.03608 5.24328 | O 5.23478 -3.12164 -3.12164 | O 5.21822 -1.03955 -5.21822 |
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| NiO ($d = 2.5$) polar | | |
| Species x(Å) y(Å) z(Å) | | |
| Ni -0.90478 -1.19023 -1.20456 | Ni 3.24615 7.23138 2.93391 | Ni -4.97619 -3.22245 -7.50728 |
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| Ni -5.11867 -1.17878 3.00043 | Ni -2.95256 0.88598 7.25067 | Ni -2.94878 2.93435 -7.41132 |
| Ni 3.25384 -1.17873 -5.41215 | Ni -2.99277 0.89020 -1.18325 | Ni -3.01075 3.01705 0.89196 |
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