Modelling research output expressions: metadata schema modelling of publication lifecycles & scholarly entities

George Macgregor

University of Glasgow

2023-09-06

https://purl.org/g3om4c

https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8482-3973



Slides available: https://doi.org/10.17868/strath.00085166

Overview

- 1. Briefly explore the metadata application profile landscape of open scholarly repositories
- 2. Prior attempts to model expressions, relations, etc. of scholarly works
- 3. Growth of the persistent identifier graph (PID graph)
- 4. How the Rioxx: Research Output Metadata Schema (v3.0) is responding to a PID-centric and relational data reality
 - Brief exploration of Rioxx itself
- 5. Community reflection that the Rioxx experience, and reality, is prompting

Repository metadata context

- OOTB, repositories remain *very* good at making (scholarly) content discoverable
- OAI-PMH still a principal machine interface to repository content, despite alternatives (e.g. ResourceSync)
- History my favourite subject and the folly of 'simple' Dublin Core...
- Metadata profiles central to improved interoperability and semantics
- Harvesting, aggregation, discovery and... compliance

Profile examples...

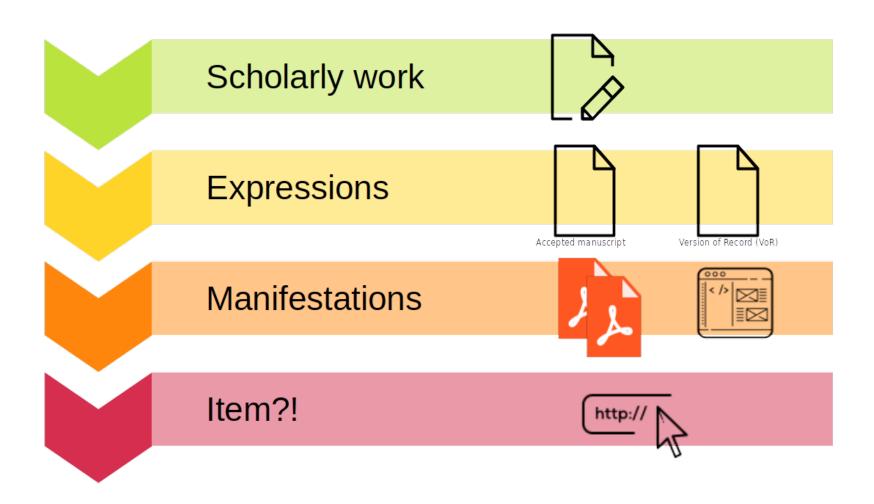
Prominent repository metadata applications profiles include:

- OpenAIRE (literature repositories)
- OpenAIRE (data archives)
- OpenAIRE (software)
- UKETD 2017 (EThOS)
- Scholarly Works Applications Profile (SWAP) dead but not forgotten!
- Rioxx v2.0, more on this too!

In 2013

The good old days... 😄

...when publication lifecycles and scholarly entities were (relatively) simple...



SWAP circa 2008

SWAP: Scholarly Works Application Profile [1]

- Clear motivation; supported by Jisc
- Recognized importance of relations between entities, esp. funding
- Used FRBR! Yay!

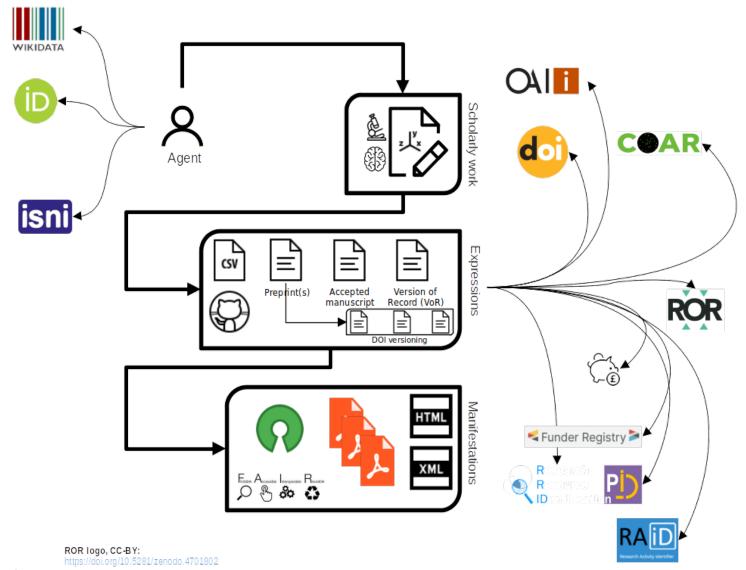
But never adopted by repositories

- Ahead of its time in 2008...?
- Difficult to implement within repository software
- Too esoteric for those working with scholarly digital content [2]
- Useful conceptual exercise but did not address machine discovery satisfactorily

2023

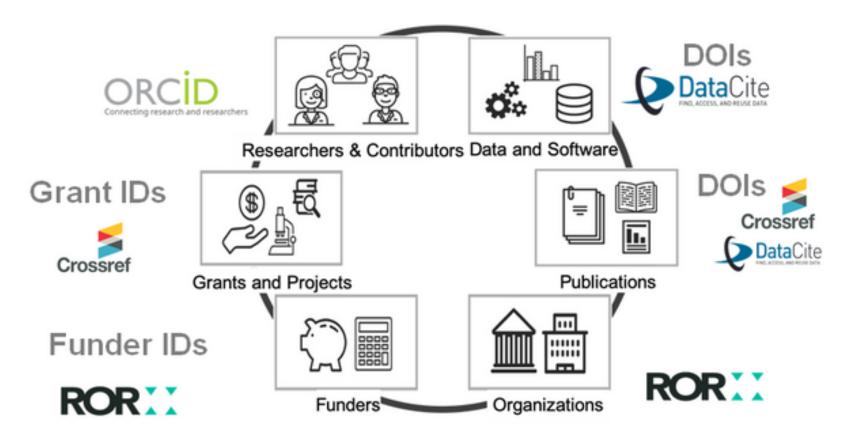
The future envisaged by SWAP is now the present, sort of...

...but this future is actually more *complex*...

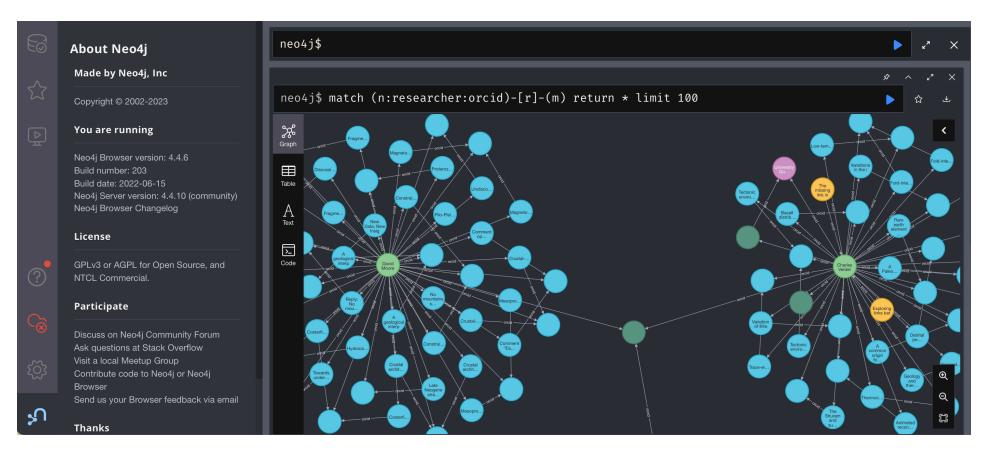


Trends in scholarly publication inescapable...

- 1. Need to respond to complexity while ensuring discovery advantages
 - i. Provenance & contextualization
- 2. Enshrined in open research requirements of funders (Plan S, UKRI, G7)
- 3. *Reproducibility, verification, replication* -- scholarly record & the "reproducibility crisis"
 - i. Growth of rights retention strategy (RRS), FAIR data, data management planning (DMPs)
- 4. Supporting the burgeoning 'PID graph'
- 5. Scholarly works as (unofficial) multi-part or multi-object outputs



TIB – Leibniz Information Centre for Science and Technology - PID Service (CC-BY)



Exploring the graph with Neo4j...

Rioxx

Rioxx: Research Output Metadata Schema

- Version 2.0 widely adopted since 2016; Dublin Core with extensions
- Discovery improvements, esp. in harvesting and aggregation [2] -- file location links critical [3]
 - Repositories default support of Dublin Core spectacularly ineffective for OAI PMH harvesting of digital content
 - Full-text harvesting request average for single resource using Dublin Core:
 - Digital Commons (13K!!), DSpace (1.5K!) [3]
 - EPrints = 8. Better but 7 too many! [3]

Rioxx v3.0

Version 3.0

- Improves modelling of scholarly entities & relations
 - Borrows conceptual thinking from FRBR (as per Library Reference Model) (but not SWAP!)
- Capitalizes on discovery potential
- Better supports productive contribution to PID graph
- 'PID-ification '-- greater URI referencing & semantics
- Alignment with Signposting and ResourceSync
- Retains some semblance of 'traditional' notions of publication :thinking:

v3.0: Vocabularies, semantics, & PID types

(Beyond structure) language independent semantics conveyed by SKOS:

- COAR Resource Type Vocabulary
- COAR Access Rights Vocabulary
- COAR Version Type Vocabulary

Resource Type Label: 'observational data (English)', 'gözlemsel veri (Türkçe)', etc.

http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/FF4C-28RK

Broader concept: 'dataset'

http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_ddb1

•••

Referral to entities by URIs widely supported but anticipated PID types include:

- Creators/Contributors: ORCID, ISNI, VIAF, WikiData
- Organizations: ISNI, VIAF, WikiData ROR, FundRef
- Research activity: RAiD

Optimum use of PIDs for reference and relational associations between related works and expressions to enrich PID graph and support discovery / contextualization

(Can create issues with 'authority of assertion' - see tomorrow!)

Example snippets...

• • •

• • •

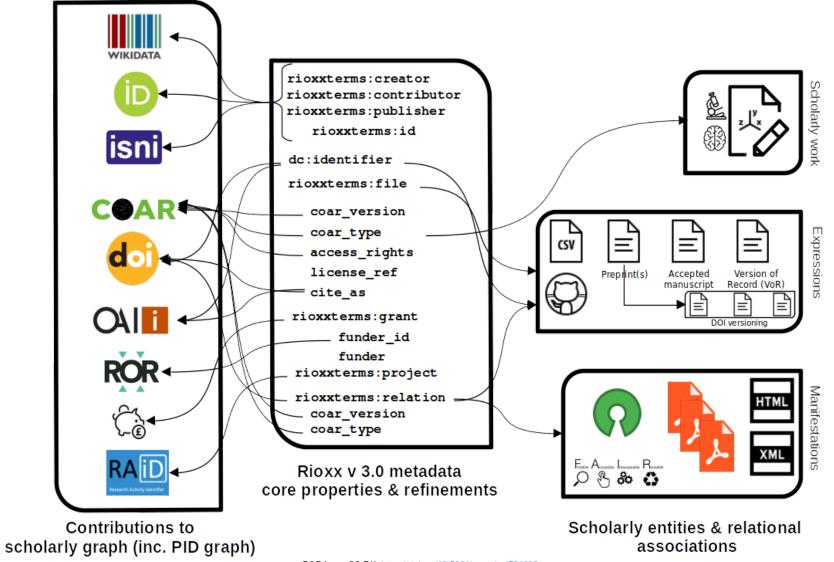
Introduction of rioxxterms:relation :

```
<!--Relation to VoR-->
<rioxxterms:relation coar_type="https://purl.org/coar/resource_type/c_6501"</pre>
    coar_version="https://purl.org/coar/version/c_970fb48d4fbd8a85">
            https://doi.org/10.1109/TGRS.2023.3262412
</rioxxterms:relation>
<!--...to research dataset(s) - simulation data-->
<rioxxterms:relation coar_type="http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/W2XT-701">
            https://doi.org/10.15778/RESIF.MT
</rioxxterms:relation>
<!--...to research data(s) - observational data-->
<rioxxterms:relation coar_type="http://purl.org/coar/resource_type/FF4C-28RK">
            https://doi.org/10.5880/fidgeo.2021.032
</rioxxterms:relation>
```

ReDiscovery - MDG Conference 2023

Some fuller but simple examples...

Example 1, example 2, example 3



ROR logo, CC-BY: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.4701802

But, questions for the community?

Are 'traditional' notions of publication holding back the community when it comes to resource description in a more URI-centric and relationally dependent resource environment?

Possibly...

Attachment to outdated notions of publication? 👺



Attachment to seeing things through the prism of the 'published version' (Version of Record - VoR)

- Distorts purer / richer metadata modelling of publication lifecyles and scholarly entities
 - Including Rioxx v 3.0
- Prism reinforces the primacy of publishers and dysfunction in scholarly publishing
- Reality is increasingly fluid and relational

The revenge of Linked Data and the Semantic Web...?

- Improved understanding of web technology necessary
- URIs, PIDs, relational linking and the role of distributed metadata
- Working for the benefit of machines as well as humans

Rioxx v 3.0

- Version 3.0, 2nd draft available
- Long road -- changes always to implement!
- Advocate for adoption technical but also socio-technical
- JSON-LD serialization of Rioxx forthcoming

Thanks for listening!

Questions?!

Acknowledgement of work by Rioxx Governance Group:

Nicola Dowson, Mick Eadie, Petr Knoth, Bev Jones, George Macgregor & Paul Walk

References

- [1] J. Allinson, 'Describing Scholarly Works with Dublin Core: A Functional Approach', *Library Trends*, 57 (2), pp. 221–243, 2008. Accessed Jul. 18, 2023.
- [2] E. O'Neill and M. Žumer, 'FRBR: Application of the Model to Textual Documents', Libr. Resources Tech. Serv., 62 (4), Art. no. 4, Oct. 2018. Available: https://doi.org/10.5860/lrts.62n4.176
- [2] P. Knoth and B. Notay, 'UKRI OA policy requirements for repositories and how to meet them', presented at the *Jisc Workshop*, *2021*. Accessed: Jul. 18, 2023.
- [3] P. Knoth, M. Cancellieri, M. Klein, 'Comparing the performance of OAI-PMH with ResourceSync', *The 14th International Conference on Open Repositories (OR2019)* June 2019. Universität Hamburg, Hamburg. Accessed: Jul. 18, 2023.

Questions

Thanks for listening!