



It's complicated...

Claire Lightowler

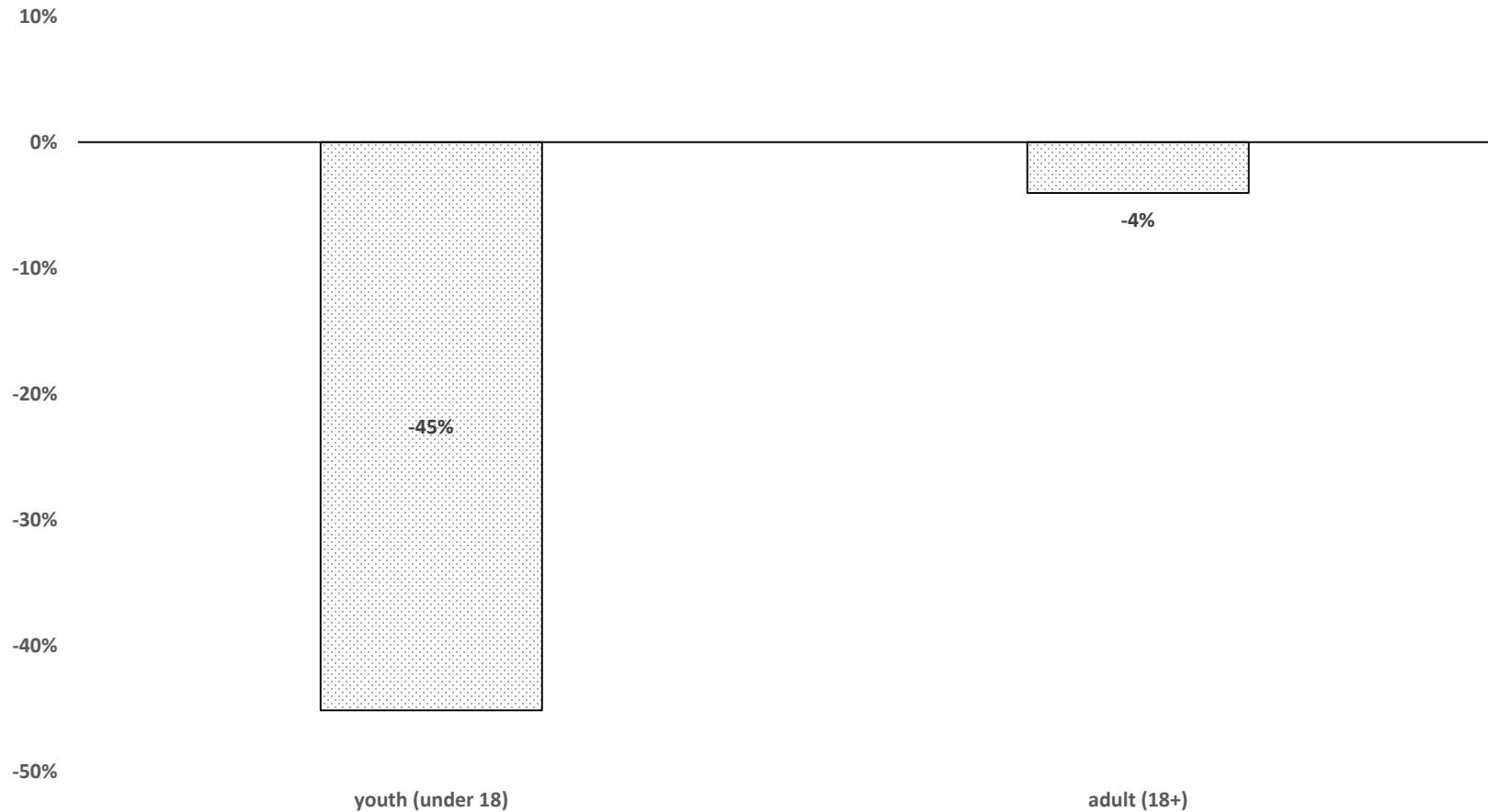
[claire.lightowler@strath.ac.uk](mailto:claire.lightowler@strath.ac.uk)

# Scotland 2012-13

- 4.7% of children involved in offending (23,726 kids)
- Charged with 43,117 crimes
- Young people responsible for 16% of all crimes & offences

Scottish Government (2013) Scottish Policing Performance Framework, 2012-13.

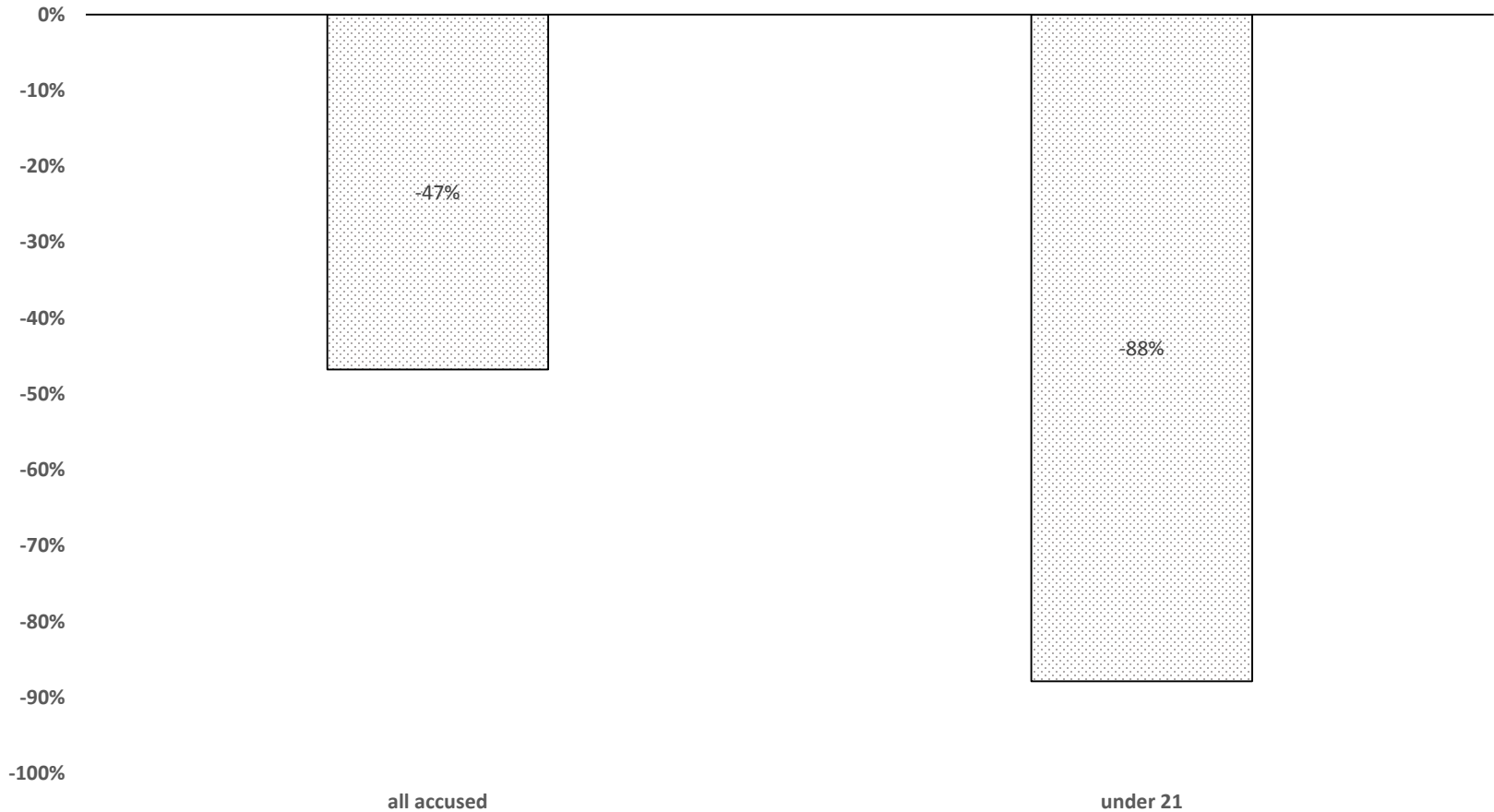
# Fall in detected offences between 2008/9 and 2012/13



# Youth offending 2012/13



# Fall in murder rate 2003/4 to 2012/13



# What do we know about complexity in Scotland...?

# 1. Vulnerability and victimisation

- Edinburgh Study of Youth Transitions & Crime
- Cohort of 4,300 young people who started secondary school in Edinburgh in 1998
- At age 15, 23% reported involvement in one or more episodes of violence
- Those involved in violent offending were the most vulnerable and victimised

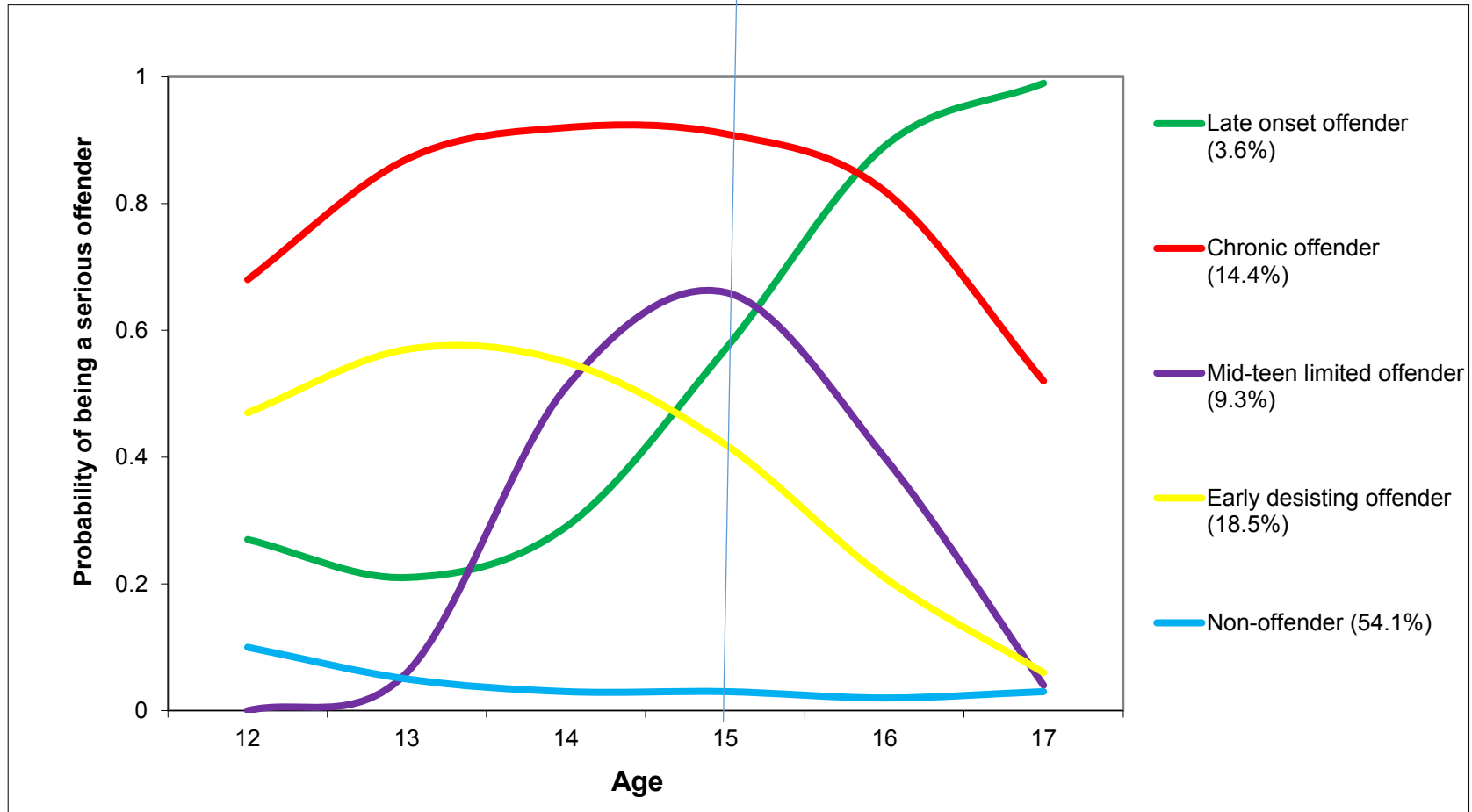
# Violent offenders were significantly more likely than non-violent youths to be ...

- victims of crime and adult harassment
- self-harming and para-suicidal behaviour
- problematic health risk behaviours
- Weak bonds (parent / school)
- Personality measures (impulsivity and risk taking)
- Bullying others
- Family turbulence
- socially deprivation
- Friends involved in offending



# Self-reported serious offending trajectories

(McAra and McVie forthcoming 2014)



Trajectories estimated using semi-parametric group-based modelling (see Nagin 2005).

Serious offending = Housebreaking, vehicle theft, joyriding, fire-raising, robbery, weapon carrying and 6+ incidents of assault.

## 2. Mental Health

- IVY project – young people presenting a significant risk to others
- September 2014
- All had input from social work services and looked after status
- 76% exposed to domestic violence
- 88% experienced some other form of maltreatment

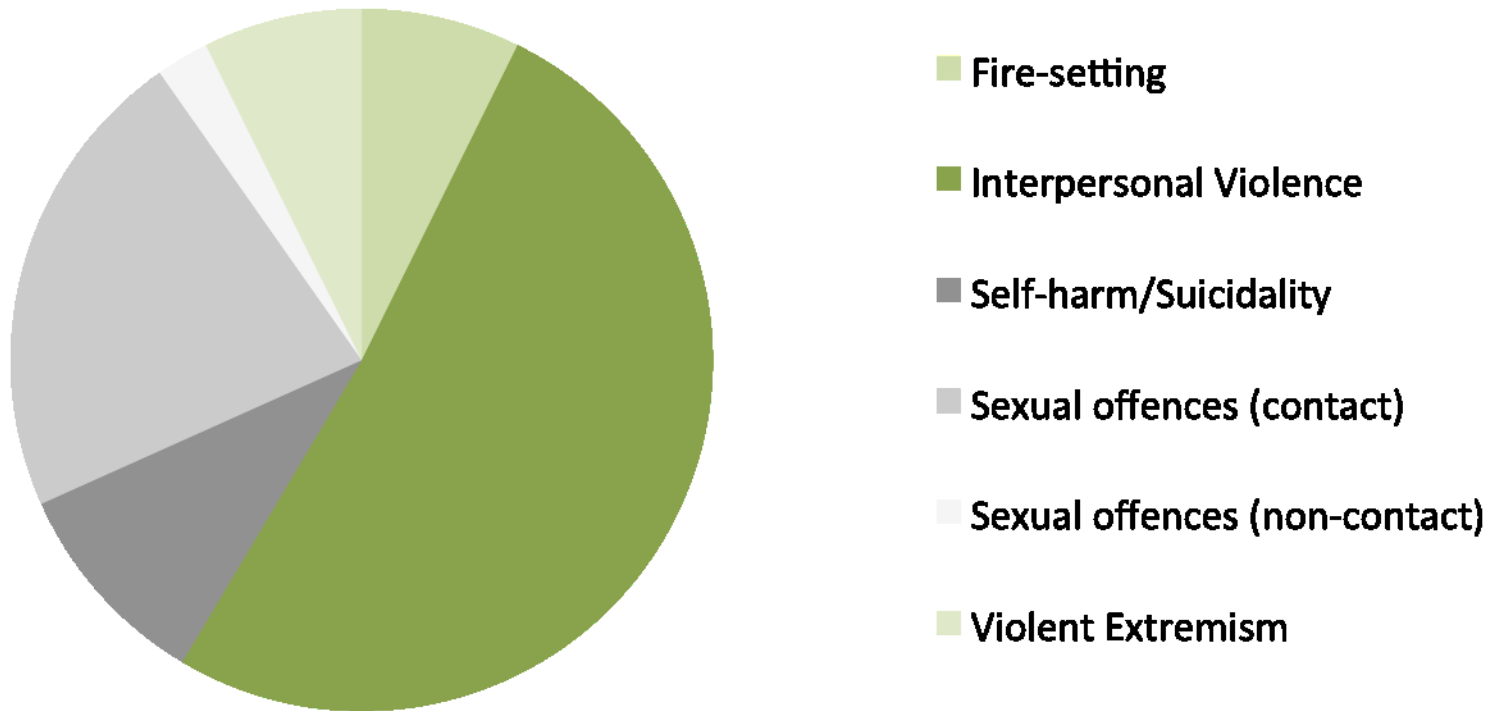
# Psychological/Mental Disorders

| Diagnosed or Suspected Difficulty             | n  |
|---|----|
| Anger   | 9  |
| Anxiety                                       | 3  |
| Autism Spectrum Disorder                      | 12 |
| Attachment Disorder                           | 7  |
| Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder      | 10 |
| Communication Disorder                        | 2  |
| Complex Post Traumatic Stress                 | 12 |
| Deliberate Self-Harm                          | 12 |
| Dissociation                                  | 3  |
| Eating Difficulties                           | 3  |
| Emotional Dysregulation                       | 7  |
| Learning Disability                           | 3  |
| Low Mood                                      | 2  |
| Oppositional Defiant/Conduct Disorder         | 2  |
| Psychosis                                     | 2  |
| Sleep Difficulties                            | 2  |
| Substance Misuse Difficulties (Alcohol/Drugs) | 15 |
| Suicidal Ideation/Action                      | 8  |
| Thought Disorder                              | 1  |
| Toileting Difficulties                        | 3  |
| Tourette's Syndrome                           | 1  |
| Unusual perceptual experiences                | 4  |

N=30

MEAN = 4

# RISK PRESENTATION



\*63% co-morbid risk to other presentations

\*approx 30% suicide/self-harm

\*approx 25 % concerns about victimisation

## 3. Bereavement and Loss

“How many more people do I have to see die?  
I’m only 19 and that’s five people died already  
and I keep thinking to myself ‘are the rest of  
them gonna die?’ And then I’ll grow up alone”  
(Vaswani, 2014)

# Bereavement and loss

- 33 young men in Polmont YOI
- 91% had experienced at least one bereavement
- Over three-quarters experienced traumatic bereavements (murder, suicide etc)
- Two-thirds suffering from substantial bereavements (four or more)

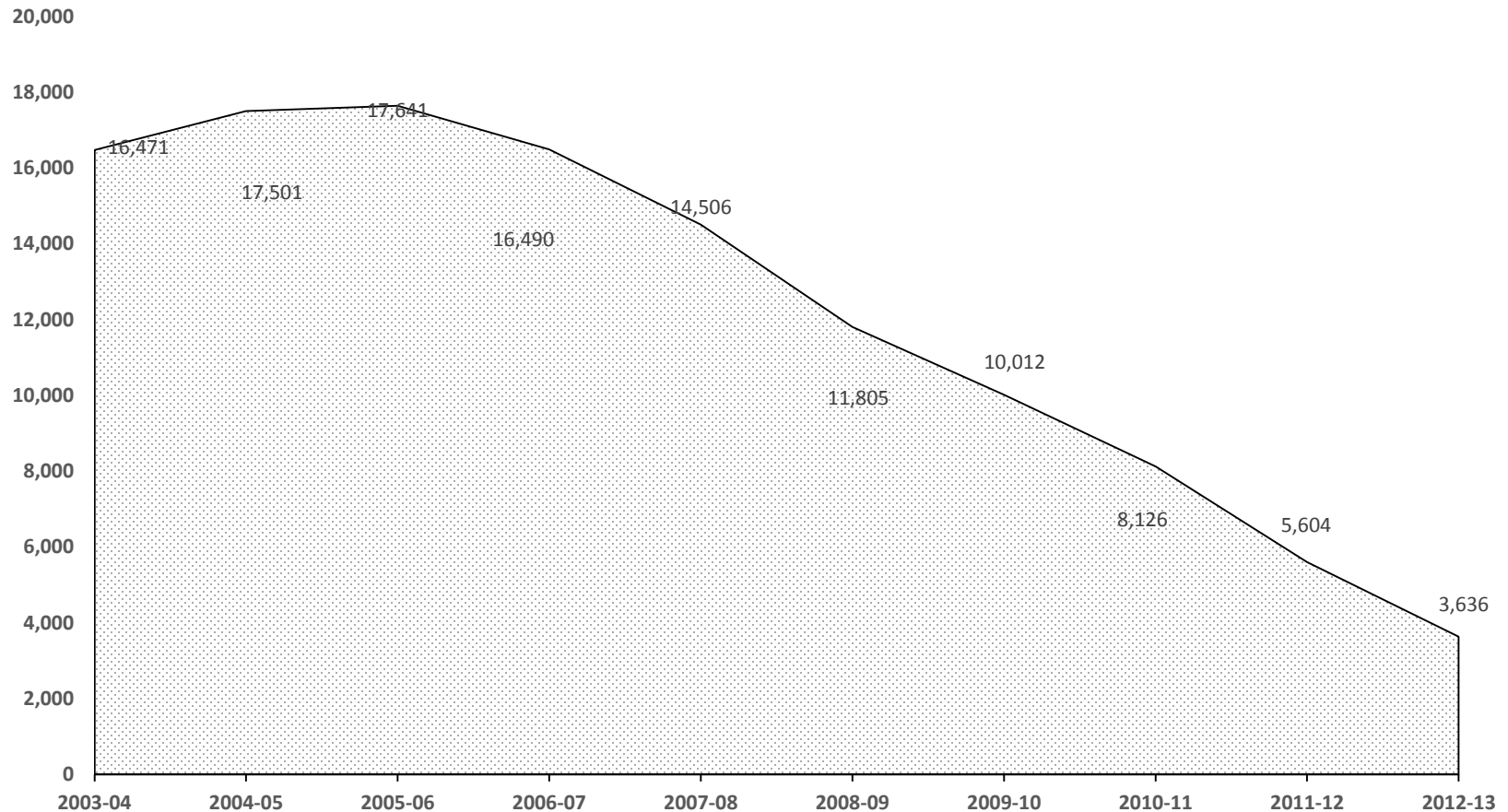
# Responding to complexity...

# Whole System Approach (WSA)

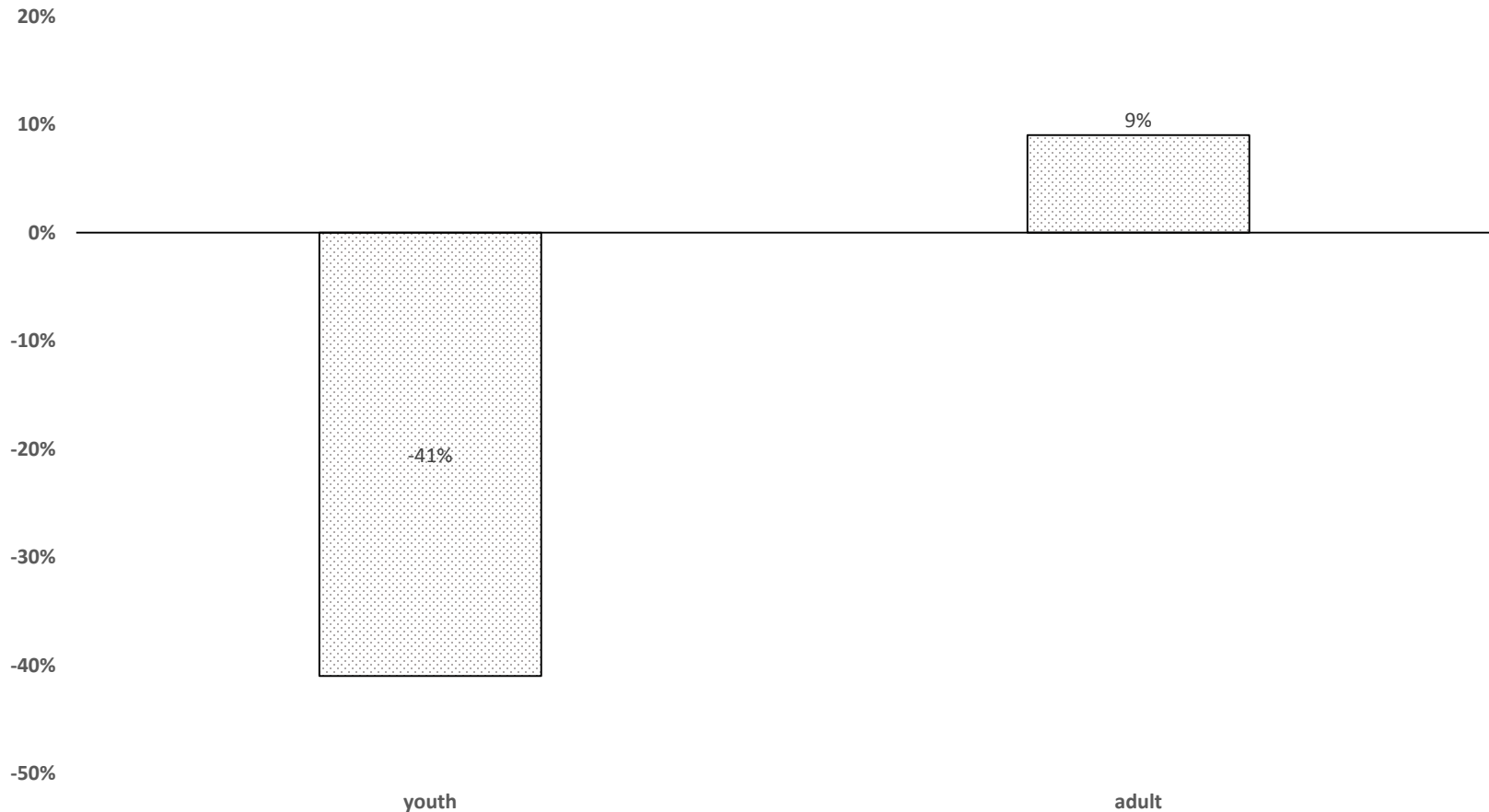
- The core focus of the WSA is to promote:
  - EEI for low-level offences
  - Opportunities to divert young people from prosecution
  - Court support
  - Community alternatives to secure care and custody
  - Changing behaviours of those in secure care and custody
  - Improving reintegration back into the community.



# No. of young people referred to SCRA on offence grounds 2012/13



# % change in prison receptions 2002-03 to 2010-11



# Includem's impact project

- Intensive support in the community
- young people identified as posing high risk to themselves and their communities
- Police referral
- Age 14-21
- Glasgow
- More than one violent crime/weapon crime

## **WHAT** *does Includem support* *look like?*

**I-to-I Intensive support** from a dedicated team of Includem workers

**Focused learning** using 'A Better Life', with modules you choose to fit your situation - on subjects including Offending, Violence, Beating Boredom, Drugs and Alcohol, and Anger Management

**A worker** will come to see you usually 3 times a week, and at times of risk, including evenings and weekends

**We will be alerted by the Police** if you are in custody so we can offer you support

**Help into education, employment and training**

**Links into leisure services**

**CALL THE HELPLINE**

"I stopped fighting and kept out of trouble. I wouldn't have done that if Includem hadn't come along and I would've still been fighting. I sometimes thought it would've been easier doing time than working with Includem but there is no way I would have rather went to secure."  
*(Gary, 14)*

**ON 0800 8000408**

**Helpline access, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week**

**Support through court dates**, including reports to your lawyer on your progress

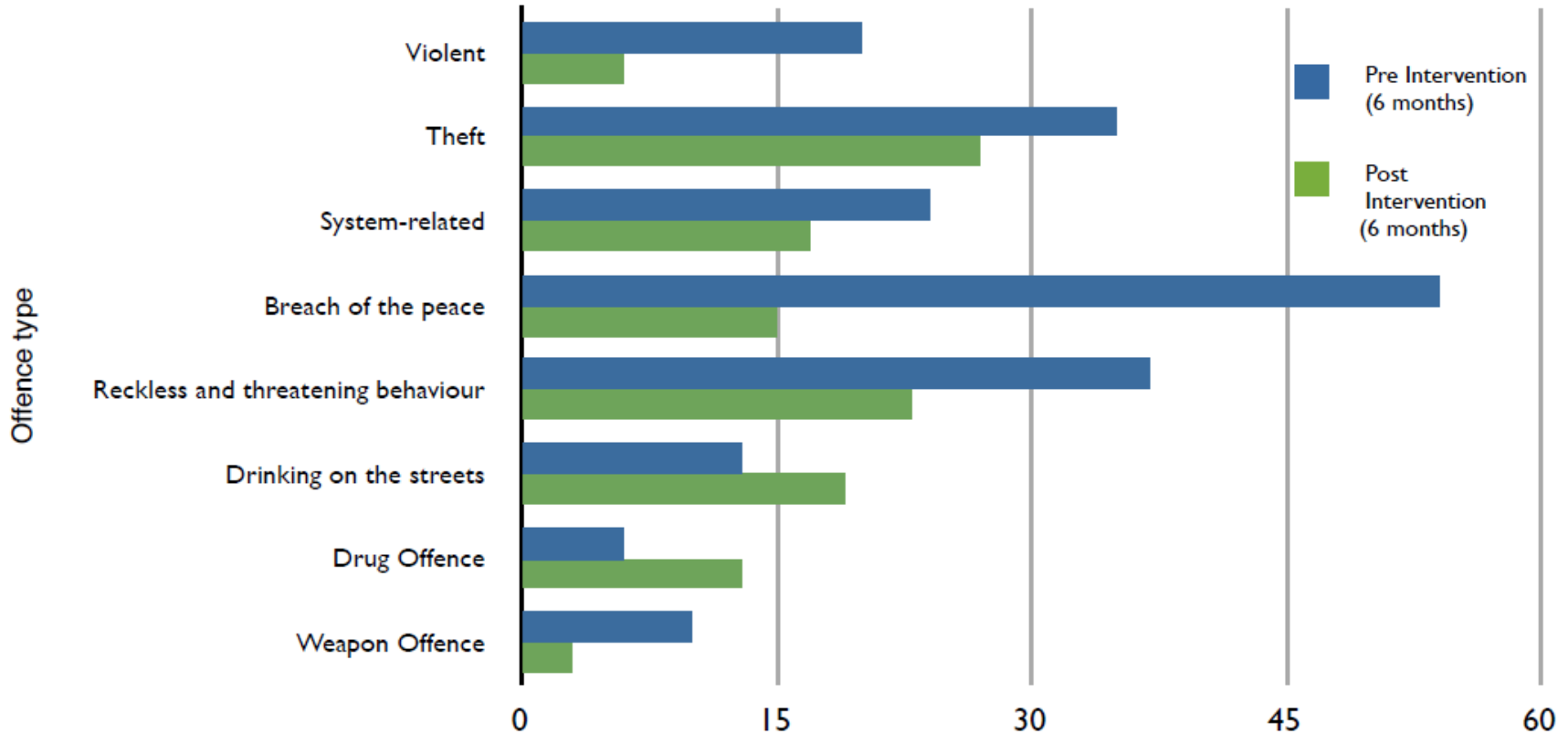
**Flexibility:** support designed to fit you

**Advocacy:** we will help you access information, and make sure your views are heard when decisions are made about your life

**Your work with us can be deducted from Community Payback Order hours.**

# 6 months post intervention

Summary of offences pre- and post involvement with IMPACT



Dartington Social Research Unit

# Interventions for vulnerable youth (IVY)

- Scotland wide service
- No cost for use
- Forensic and clinical psychology, and social work
- Level 1 - consultation clinic
- Level 2 - specialist clinical forensic psychology assessment.
- Level 3 - (specialist treatment)

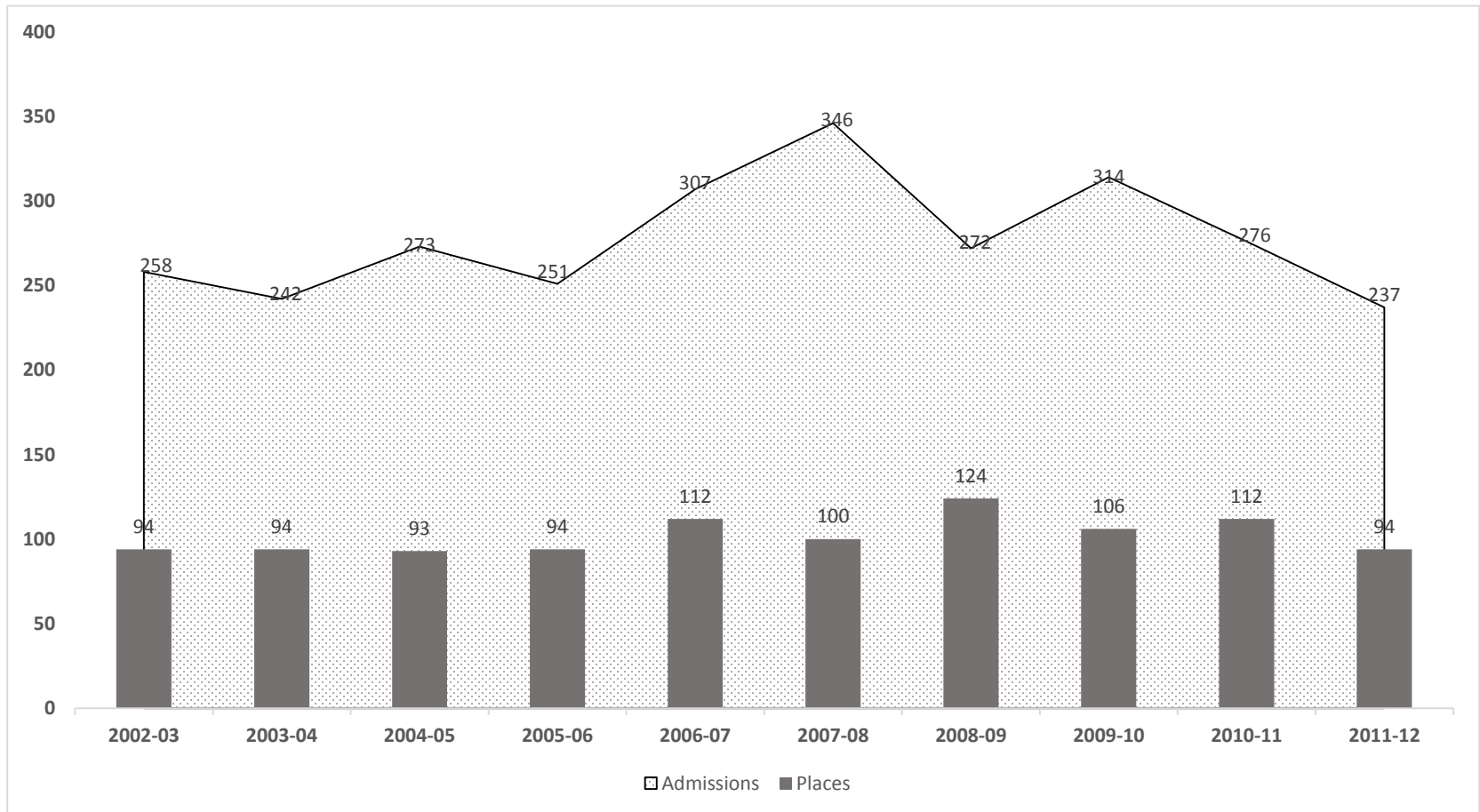
# Seasons for growth

- Polmont YOI trying out new group work programme -Seasons for Growth.
- Designed to help people deal with loss.
- Weekly sessions 8 weeks
- First time anyone has run Seasons for Growth in a Young Offenders Institution.

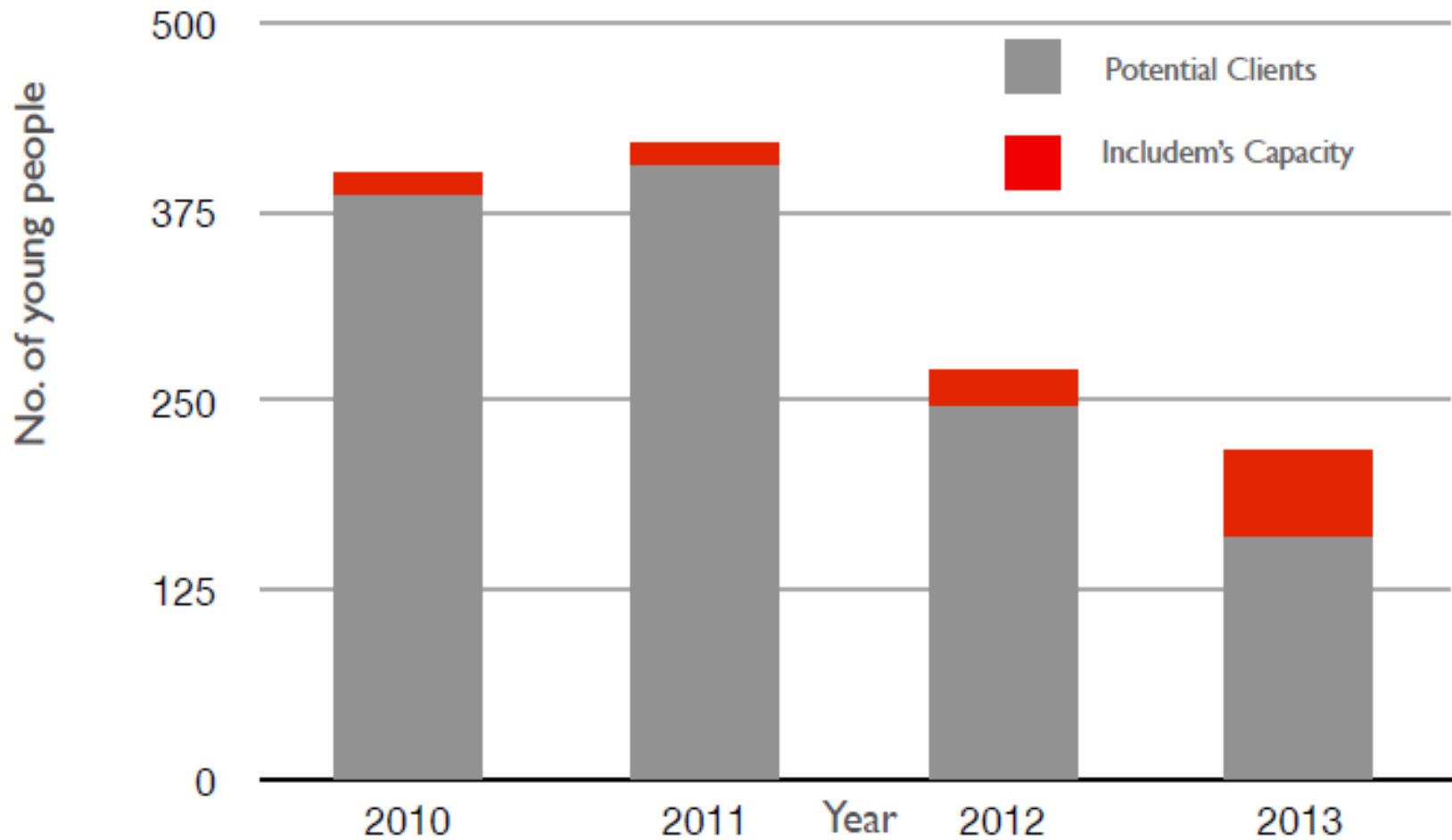
But...



# Secure admissions 2002/03 to 2011/12



## Phase I: Potential Clients vs. Includem's Capacity



Dartington Social Research Unit

# Speech, language & communication needs

- prevalence in the youth justice population between 50% and 60% (UK wide)
- Survey of Scottish local authorities (17 responses received)
- 35% reported that their area used tools to assess children and young people for SLCN
- Only 41% reported that there were services or interventions available in their areas to support young people with SLCN

# How do we support the workforce to better at dealing with complexity...?

# We need a workforce that:

- Learns from each other - across sectors, boundaries, geographies
- Captures & shares what we do & learn
- Tries out new ways of doing things (based on best available knowledge)
- Evaluates
- Integrates forms of knowledge
- Reflects, and creates spaces for reflection
- Accesses advice and support
- Develops skills

# CYCJ theory of change

Children & young people flourish



Practice and policy improvements



**Practice  
Development**

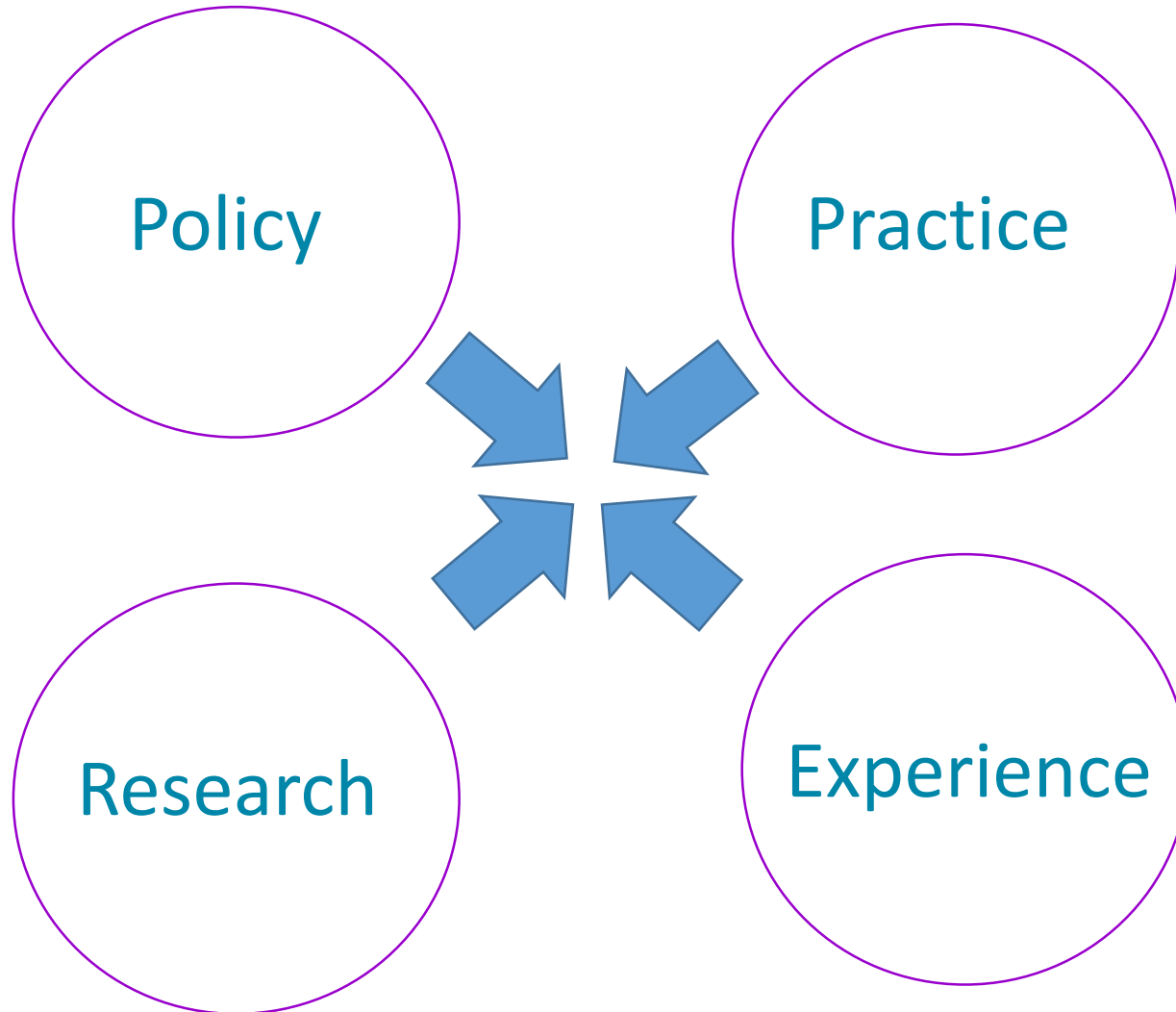
**Research**

**Knowledge  
exchange**

Advice, peer support, consultancy support, trying out initiatives, guidance, toolkits, training, supporting change projects

New knowledge, synthesising research evidence, evaluating initiatives, supporting evidence use

Capturing knowledge, promoting sharing, disseminating, improving access & accessibility, integrating forms of knowledge





centre for youth  
& criminal justice

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