

Adaptive-window PMU algorithms using cascaded boxcar filters to meet and exceed C37.118.1(a) requirements

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Workshop on "Synchrophasor estimation processes for Phasor Measurement Units: algorithms and metrological characterisation"

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ENG52 SmartGrid II



Contributors to recent and forthcoming work



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 $F(f_M) > -3.098 \text{ dB}$



Reference vs. Tracking filter example f_0 =50, Reporting rate 50 Hz



Bandwidth test – TVE





Bandwidth testing



C37.118.1a-2014

F & ROCOF performance limits	Error requirements for Compliance					
	P Class			M Class		
Reporting Rate F _S (Hz)	F _r (Hz)	Max FE	Max RFE	F _r (Hz)	Max FE	Max RFE
10	1	0.03	0.6	2	0.12	2.3
12	1.2	0.04	0.8	2.4	0.14	3.3
15	1.5	0.05	1.3	3	0.18	5.1
20	2	0.06	2.3	4	0.24	9.0
25	2	0.06	2.3	5	0.30	14
30	2	0.06	2.3	5	0.30	14
50	2	0.06	2.3	5	0.30	14
60	2	0.06	2.3	5	0.30	14
Formulas	min(F _S /10,2)	0.03 *F _r	$0.18^*\pi^*F_r^2$	min(F _s /5,5)	0.06 *F _r	$0.18^{*}\pi^{*}F_{r}^{2}$

Bandwidth test – Frequency Error (FE) University of Strathclyde & ROCOF ERROR (RFE)





Reference vs. Tracking filter example f_0 =50, Reporting rate F_s =50 Hz

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Frequency error during OOB testing



Determining the required filter Mask for OOB testing

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Out-of-Band testing, $f=f_0$ All algorithms

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University of Out-of-Band testing, $f=f_0+\frac{F_S}{20}$ Strathclyde **Frequency-tracking algorithm** Minimum f_{IH} (upper) = $\left(f_0 + \frac{F_s}{2}\right)$ f_0 = Nominal frequency (Hz) f = Actual fundamental frequency (Hz) Minimum $(f_{IH} - f_T) = (f_0 + \frac{F_S}{2}) - (f_0 + \frac{F_S}{20}) = (0.9(\frac{F_S}{2}))$ $f_{\rm T}$ = Tuned frequency (Hz) Frequency in filter = $(f_{IH} - f_T)$ $\left(f_0 + \frac{F_S}{2}\right)$ Frequency $\left(f_0 - \frac{F_S}{2}\right)$ $f = f_T = f_0 + \frac{F_S}{20} \quad \text{Maximum } (f_{IH} - f) = \left(f_0 + \frac{F_S}{2}\right) - \left(f_0 + \frac{F_S}{20}\right) = \left(0.9\frac{F_S}{2}\right)$ Mask frequency width is reduced by 10% from $\left(\frac{F_s}{2}\right)$ but gain can be $20 \cdot log\left(\frac{1}{0.9}\right) = 0.92$ dB higher,

at the closest frequency, from what you might expect.



Simplified OOB requirements and examples, f_0 =50 Hz, F_S =50 Hz









Boxcar filter properties















Cascaded boxcar filters example, f_{θ} =50 Hz, F_{S} =50 Hz

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Example software architecture



Code execution speed

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- 30-60µs Typical execution time per frame for M class PMU (Motorola MVME5500). Supports >10kHz reporting.
- Calculation rate does NOT increase for longer-window (lower reporting rate) devices, as long as the NUMBER of cascaded boxcar filter sections is kept constant.
 - But fast-access memory requirement does (∝ Window length).
- Can easily be extended to "Harmonic PMU" applications.
 - # Calculations expand «N harmonics, memory expands «N harmonics and « Window length
- Compare with
 - Least Squares and "TFT" algorithms, # calculations proportional to window length
 - FFT algorithms for harmonic PMUs, # calculations proportional to (window length)*log(window length)
 - Kalman filter methods, # calculations proportional to the number of filter zeros squared (matrix multiplications).

Non-standard tests and real-world conditions



Unfinished work - Increased fault tolerance for frequency and ROCOF - 27th August 2013 example – P class



Power outage in Glasgow after worker hits live cable



The worker was injured after making contact with a live cable on a building site in Allan Glen Place

A worker has been injured after making contact with a live cable at a building site in Glasgow city centre.

Police Scotland said there was a short power outage in the north of the city following the incident at Allen Glen Place at about 12:00 on Tuesday.

The injured man was taken to nearby Glasgow Royal Infirmary. Details of his condition are not yet known.

Emergency services remain at the scene. The incident has been reported to the Health and Safety Executive.

Scottish Power officials are also at the scene.

It is understood that people in the area reported hearing a "loud bang and explosion" when the incident occurred. Output of the second second

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The power supply was restored a short time later.

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-100

0.6

0.8

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1

Time (s)

1.2

1.4

1.6

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Future considerations/work:

- Implement in hardware!
- Continuing input to standards development.
- Accurate revenue metering.
- Synchronised Power Quality assessment and PQ "metering"!
- Combinations of adaptive and fixed boxcars to provide "Uniform Aggregated Weighting" (Welch's method) via repeated windows at fixed (i.e. 20ms) intervals, while also providing adaptive-zero-placement for off-nominal frequency.
- Integrating PMU algorithms within HVDC controllers?
- Aggregation of PMU ROCOF data across a geographically wide network to determine "system ROCOF" and required "inertial" responses.
 - "Enhanced Frequency Control Capability (EFCC)" with National Grid, Alstom, Belectric, Centrica, Flextricity & University of Manchester.



